Newport Mercury.

[1 Vol. 50 Cts. per Ann.] TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 23, 1800. [No. 2006.

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For the Benefit of the Owners and Underwriters,

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The Ship RUSSELL, 5 Years old of about 330 Tons Burthen, mounting 10 Carriage Guns, with her Appurtenances, Ghs, &c. as ſhe now lies at ſaid Wharf,

Alſo the CARGO of ſaid Ship, conſiſting of

1665 Bags Bourbon Coffee.
341 Bags Java Coffee.
301 Bags black Pepper.
106 Bales Cotton.

GARDNER & DEAN, *Auctioneers.*

Newport, Sept. 13, 1800.

☞ *NOTICE.*

The Drawing of the *First Congregational Meeting-House LOTTERY*, will POSITIVELY commence the Firſt Monday in November next.——Tickets to be had of the Managers.

Newport, Sept. 15, 1800.

WALTER CORNELL,
WATCH-MAKER,
Reſpectfully informs his Friends and the Public in general,

That he has received a large Aſſortment of New imported Watches, Jewellery and Perfumery, which he will diſpoſe of on the moſt reaſonable Terms.

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Five or Six Hundred Buſhels of good clean OATS.——Enquire of
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FOR SALE,
A One-Maſt BOAT, 12 Feet Keel, about Three Months old, Sloop rigged, and in complete Order.—Apply to
ROBERT WOODWARD.

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WILLIAM R. WILDER,
BOOK-SELLER and STATIONER, in Thames-Street,
Nearly oppoſite Meſſrs. *GIBBS* and *CHANNING*'s STORE,

Has juſt received a freſh Supply of PAPER-HANGINGS, of 50 different Figures, which will be Sold at the Manufactory Prices.—He has likewiſe received 300 Reams of Writing-Paper, of different Sizes, Prices and Qualities.—150 Reams of Wrapping-Paper, of ſuperior Quality; 100 Dozen Bonnet, or Preſs Papers.—A large and general Aſſortment of School-Books, Wholeſale and Retail, as low as can be purchaſed in New-York or Boſton.—Ladies and Gentlemen's Red Morocco Pocket-Books, with and without Inſtruments, by the Dozen or Single; Seamen's Books, Charts, Scales and Dividers; Mathematical Inſtruments, &c. &c. with almoſt every Article in the Stationary Line.

Together with a ſmall Aſſortment of Books—in the various Branches of Literature of the lateſt Publications, which with his former Collection make upwards of 2000 Volumes—all of which will be ſold at the Boſton Prices.

His CIRCULATING-LIBRARY kept as uſual, with daily Additions of the Neweſt Publications—ſuch as Novels, Romances, Voyages, Travels, &c. &c.

All Favours, however trifling, will be gratefully acknowledged.

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A new Supply of
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which he is determined to ſell very low.

Alſo a Number of elegant TRUXTON HATS.

He returns his Thanks to his Cuſtomers, and requeſts a Continuance of their Favours.

WASHINGTON ACADEMY.

The Truſtees of Waſhington Academy are to meet at Wickford (agreeably to Adjournment) on the laſt Wedneſday of this Month, at 10 o'Clock, A. M.

DANIEL E. UPDIKE, *Sec'ry.*

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N. B. Subſcribers who have not paid their firſt Inſtalment (agreeably to the Tenor of the Subſcription) are requeſted to pay Attention thereto.

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Captains of Veſſels and others ſupplied with SEA-STORES, on the ſhorteſt Notice.

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Moſt reſpectfully acquaints his Friends, in the Town and Country,

THAT he has lately received a freſh Supply of ſuch Goods as are uſually ſold at his Store, conſiſting generally of

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Ditto in Quarter-Caſks.

Port-Wine in Pipes—of an excellent Quality.

India Sugars—Loaf Sugar by the Hundred, or leſs Quantity—brown Sugar by the Hogſhead.

Boſton Chocolate, freſh—a few Hogſheads of Jamaica Spirits.

Geneva by the Caſk, and Pepper by the Bag.

Bohea Tea by the Cheſt, or leſs Quantity, and a few Caſes of Florence Oil.—the Whole of which will be ſold as low as at any Store in Newport, for Caſh, or approved Notes.

Alſo, a few Boxes of PIPES—of various Sizes. *July* 15, 1800.

JOHN & HENRY CAHOONE,
Have for Sale at their Store on Baniſter's Wharf,

BROWN SUGAR by the Hogſhead or Barrel; 4th Proof Jamaica Rum by the Hogſhead; Molaſſes by the Hogſhead; Flour by the Barrel; Prime Pork by Ditto; prime and Cargo Beef by Ditto; Pimento by the Bag; Roſin by the Barrel; Powder by the Caſk; Sheathing Paper by the Hundred; Salt petre'd Hams; Candles by the Box; Iron Cabouſes; Turks-Iſland Salt; a few Boxes of Havanna Sugar and genuine SPANISH SEGARS.

—ALSO—

Honey by the Hogſhead or Gallon, New-York Soap by the Box, and two large Scale Beams.

—LIKEWISE—

LIQUORS, of the beſt Kind, a general Aſſortment, and various other Articles in the Grocery Line, a complete Aſſortment of which they propoſe to be conſtantly ſupplied with.——Filling Parties, Maſters of Packets Paſſengers, &c. may be ſupplied at ſaid Store on the ſhorteſt Notice, with any Article they may want—and their Favours gratefully acknowledged.

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Lately imported from Canton, in the Ship Semiramis, Capt. SMITH, and for Sale,
By *THOMAS HANDY*,
Freſh TEAS of the firſt Qualities, viz.

GUNPOWDER,
HYSON,
SOUCHONG—and
BOHEA.

Alſo, at his Refinery, at the South-End of Thames-ſtreet, ſingle and double-refined SUGAR.

Extracts from late London Papers.

FIELD-MARSHAL SUWARROW.

THE circumſtances of his death are little known, owing to the Aſiatic jealouſy and political reſtrictions of the court of Peterſburgh, as well as perhaps to regret and remorſe for its injuſtice towards the moſt illuſtrious of the Ruſſians!

We are gratified in being able to communicate from an authentic ſource ſome particulars of the cloſe of a life which has filled all Europe with its fame, while it rendered the moſt important ſervices to the civilized world, as well as to the worſe than uncivilized Empire, in whoſe ungrateful boſom it terminated its glorious career in neglect and deſertion.

The Meſſenger who was charged with the letters which announced the loſs of the Emperor's favor, met this great man upon the road to St. Peterſburg, where he expected to be received under triumphal arches, by the praiſes of his Sovereign, and the gratitude of the people. Suwarrow read the deſpatches in his carriage. The Meſſenger received a purſe of ducats, and heard the ſole complaint that ever eſcaped from the breaſt of the Hero! "This then" he cried, "is the reward of thoſe who devote their exiſtence to the ſervice of their country!"

His heart was rent by the ſuddenneſs of the ſhock, and exhauſted Nature, near the term of her career, was unable to ſuſtain his mighty ſpirit, indignant at it's wrongs.—Doubtleſs, it would have been greater to have deſpiſed an injury which diſgraced only its author! Suwarrow mourned the departed luſtre of his Sovereign's name, for he was a man of exalted principles. Under the blow he had received, and at the verge of a natural death, for he had attained the 74th year of his age, his reaſon gave way, as has happened to many illuſtrious men at this period of life, merely from the intenſe and aſſiduous uſe of their faculties alone.—He did not however, ſuffer the calamity of mental derangement, although he ſurvived for a ſhort time the full uſe of his underſtanding, his wrongs preyed upon his ſhattered health and exhauſted frame. He died of that accumulated chagrin, that proud and ſullen reſentment and indifference, which is familiarly called a broken heart, in a ſmall wooden houſe, under the diſpleaſure of his maſter, at a diſtance from his family, and abandoned by his friends!

No ſooner was it known that he expired, than the public ſorrow, which no deſpotiſm can perfectly reſtrain, burſt forth in murmurs both loud and deep, and the Court itſelf thought proper to relent. The body received, late and ſuperfluous, thoſe honors, the juſt privation of which had overwhelmed the reaſon and empowered the great mind which had inhabited it. Paul I. commanded it to be expoſed in State, in the capital and to be interred amidſt the pomp of military honours and royal ceremonial. The tears of the Ruſſians, and the admiration of Europe, are the monuments of Suwarrow, and an eternal tomb, which the caprice of Princes can neither give nor take away.

KOTZEBUE.

A letter from Berlin, inſerted in one of our late London papers, gives the following ſketch of the hiſtory of KOTZEBUE, the German dramatiſt:

"Kotzebue was born at Weimar. His father was private ſecretary to the duke. Having loſt his father at a very early age, he went to Peterſburg to the Pruſſian ambaſſador, count de Gootz, to whom he was related. The count recommended him to the governor of Revel, as a perſon capable of ſuperintending the education of his ſon.—But Kotzebue's attention was occupied in a much greater degree by the daughter.—The gov. was, at firſt highly incenſed on diſcovering that he had *ſeduced* her *affections*; but *finding no remedy for the evil*, conſented to their marriage; obtained for him the reverſion of his own ſituation, and a diploma, conferring on him the dignity of baron of the Roman empire. His wife having died a few years after, Kotzebue honoured her memory with a ſuperb elegy, and conſoled himſelf with her loſs by paying his addreſſes to a married woman, for whom he undertook to procure a divorce. In conſequence of this tranſaction, he was obliged to fly from Revel, and take refuge at Vienna, where he was appointed ſub-director of the national theatre.

Extract from a private letter, dated Weimar, June 13.

"But terrible is the fate which has befallen poor Kotzebue. To enable him to viſit his ſons, who are placed in the military academy at Peterſburgh, as well as his eſtate at Friedenthal, ſituated within a few miles of Revel in Livonia, the emperor Paul himſelf, under his majeſty's ſignature, granted him a paſſport, aſſuring him, at the ſame time, that he ſhould have permiſſion of returning to Saxony about Auguſt.

Kotzebue, highly rejoiced at this gracious communication, and not entertaining the leaſt ſuſpicion, made all poſſible expedition to depart from Weiſmar, together with his wife and three children, having previouſly puchaſed a beautiful farm near Jena. The happy family arrived at Berlin, where baron Von Krudner, the Ruſſian envoy to the Pruſſian court, gave to Kotzebue another paſſport for Livonia. Yet no ſooner had they reached Polangen, which is a frontier town between Pruſſia and Courland, than Kotzebue was torn from his agonized family by four Coſſacks, that had waited for him at that place, and who placed him entirely unaccommodated in a wretched vehicle called a Kitbitka, purſuing the road to Peterſburg.

Though perfectly acquainted with the various incidents of his life, we are at a loſs to account for this proceeding. during his ſtay here he behaved with the greateſt propriety, and was ſincerely eſteemed. His Imperial Majeſty appears to be incenſed againſt all men of letters, without exception, which is attributed to the famous publications of the *Memoires ſecrets Sur la Ruſſie*, written by Maſſou, who under the La Harpe, inſtructed the Imperial princes at Gatſchina, and who now reſides in Paris.—At the laſt Eaſter fair of Leipzig, the ſale of this book was prohibited by the elector of Saxony, under a penalty of 100 Rix dollars. It is well known alſo, the Emperor of Ruſſia has iſſued a Ukaſe, forbidding the importation of any printed book or paper, not excepting even maps or new pieces of muſic, that have a ſingle letter of the alphabet upon them."

Goethe has written a play, entitled *Mahomet*; and Kotzebue another, called *Guſtavus Vaſa*. Both are performing upon the German ſtage,—with *ſuch* applauſe!

OBERON,
TO AN INFANT SLEEPING.

SWEET BABY BOY, thy ſoft cheek glows,
An emblem of the living roſe!
Thy breath a zephyr ſeems to riſe,
And placid are thy half-cloſ'd eyes!
And ſilent is thy ſnowy breaſt,
Which gently heaves in tranſient reſt;
And dreaming is thy infant brain
Of pleaſure, undiſturb'd by pain!

Soon ſhall thy youth to ſorrow riſe,
And tears ſhall dim thoſe half-cloſ'd eyes,
And ſtorms ſhall fade that living roſe,
And keen unkindneſs wound repoſe!
Soon will thy ſlumbers painful be,
And thou wilt watch, and weep, like me,
And thou wilt ſhrink, with fear aghaſt,
From wild misfortune's chilling blaſt!

Ah! then no more in balmy ſleep
Shall mem'ry fond her garland ſteep;
No more ſhall viſions, ſweetly gay,
Sport in the coming beams of day!
No more thy downy pillow be
A pillow BOY, of down to THEE!
For many a thorn ſhall ruthleſs care
In envious rancour ſcatter there.

SWEET BABY BOY! then ſleep awhile,
For youth will never wake to ſmile.
Time flings its poiſons round the bed
Where manhood lays its weary head;
The ſummer day of life will low'r,
As long poor Boy, as winter's hour,
Unleſs the Pilot FORTUNE brings
The magic of her GOLDEN WINGS!

OBERON.

AGRICULTURE.

The Agricultural Society of South-Carolina, have reſolved to appoint a Committee "to conſider if any and what means can be adopted to prevent the character of the Carolina Cotton being injured by fraud or neglect." This reſolve, if we may judge from the many complaints received from Europe of late, reſpecting the *mixture* of *dirt* and *ſeed* with the Cotton, will prove very ſalutary to the planters of the ſouthward; by this means the character of exporting good cotton, which they have hitherto maintained, may be preſerved.

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KOTZEBUE.

A letter from Berlin, inſerted in one of our late London papers, gives the following ſketch of the hiſtory of KOTZEBUE, the German dramatiſt:

"Kotzebue was born at Weimar. His father was private ſecretary to the duke. Having loſt his father at a very early age, he went to Peterſburg to the Pruſſian ambaſſador, count de Gootz, to whom he was related. The count recommended him to the governor of Revel, as a perſon capable of ſuperintending the education of his ſon.—But Kotzebue's attention was occupied in a much greater degree by the daughter.—The gov. was, at firſt highly incenſed on diſcovering that he had *ſeduced* her *affections*; but *finding no remedy for the evil*, conſented to their marriage; obtained for him the reverſion of his own ſituation, and a diploma, conferring on him the dignity of baron of the Roman empire. His wife having died a few years after, Kotzebue honoured her memory with a ſuperb elegy, and conſoled himſelf with her loſs by paying his addreſſes to a married woman, for whom he undertook to procure a divorce. In conſequence of this tranſaction, he was obliged to fly from Revel, and take refuge at Vienna, where he was appointed ſub-director of the national theatre.

Extract from a private letter, dated Weimar, June 13.

"But terrible is the fate which has befallen poor Kotzebue. To enable him to viſit his ſons, who are placed in the military academy at Peterſburgh, as well as his eſtate at Friedenthal, ſituated within a few miles of Revel in Livonia, the emperor Paul himſelf, under his majeſty's ſignature, granted him a paſſport, aſſuring him, at the ſame time, that he ſhould have permiſſion of returning to Saxony about Auguſt.

Kotzebue, highly rejoiced at this gracious communication, and not entertaining the leaſt ſuſpicion, made all poſſible expedition to depart from Weimar, together with his wife and three children, having previouſly purchaſed a beautiful farm near Jena. The happy family arrived at Berlin, where baron Von Krudner, the Ruſſian envoy to the Pruſſian court, gave to Kotzebue another paſſport for Livonia. Yet no ſooner had they reached Polangen, which is a frontier town between Pruſſia and Courland, than Kotzebue was torn from his agonized family by four Coſſacks, that had waited for him at that place, and who placed him entirely unaccommodated in a wretched vehicle called a Kitbitka, purſuing the road to Peterſburg.

Though perfectly acquainted with the various incidents of his life, we are at a loſs to account for this proceeding. during his ſtay here he behaved with the greateſt propriety, and was ſincerely eſteemed. His Imperial Majeſty appears to be incenſed againſt all men of letters, without exception, which is attributed to the famous publications of the *Memoires ſecrets Sur la Ruſſie*, written by Maſſou, who under the La Harpe, inſtructed the Imperial princes at Gatſchina, and who now reſides in Paris.—At the laſt Eaſter fair of Leipzig, the ſale of this book was prohibited by the elector of Saxony, under a penalty of 100 Rix dollars. It is well known alſo, the Emperor of Ruſſia has iſſued a Ukaſe, forbidding the importation of any printed book or paper, not excepting even maps or new pieces of muſic, that have a ſingle letter of the alphabet upon them."

Goethe has written a play, entitled *Mahomet*; and Kotzebue another, called *Guſtavus Vaſa*. Both are performing upon the German ſtage,—with *ſuch* applauſe!

OBERON,

TO AN INFANT SLEEPING.

SWEET BABY BOY, thy ſoft cheek glows,
An emblem of the living roſe!
Thy breath a zephyr ſeems to riſe,
And placid are thy half-cloſ'd eyes!
And ſilent is thy ſnowy breaſt,
Which gently heaves in tranſient reſt;
And dreaming is thy infant brain
Of pleaſure, undiſturb'd by pain!

Soon ſhall thy youth to ſorrow riſe,
And tears ſhall dim thoſe half-cloſ'd eyes,
And ſtorms ſhall fade that living roſe,
And keen unkindneſs wound repoſe!
Soon will thy ſlumbers painful be,
And thou wilt watch, and weep, like me,
And thou wilt ſhrink, with fear aghaſt,
From wild misfortune's chilling blaſt!

Ah! then no more in balmy ſleep
Shall mem'ry fond her garland ſteep;
No more ſhall viſions, ſweetly gay,
Sport in the coming beams of day!
No more thy downy pillow be
A pillow BOY, of down to THEE!
For many a thorn ſhall ruthleſs care
In envious rancour ſcatter there.

SWEET BABY BOY! then ſleep awhile,
For youth will never wake to ſmile.
Time flings its poiſons round the bed
Where manhood lays its weary head;
The ſummer day of life will low'r,
As long poor Boy, as winter's hour,
Unleſs the Pilot FORTUNE brings
The magic of her GOLDEN WINGS!

OBERON.

AGRICULTURE.

The Agricultural Society of South-Carolina, have reſolved to appoint a Committee "to conſider if any and what means can be adopted to prevent the character of the Carolina Cotton being injured by fraud or neglect." This reſolve, if we may judge from the many complaints received from Europe of late, reſpecting the *mixture* of *dirt* and *ſeed* with the Cotton, will prove very ſalutary to the planters of the ſouthward; by this means the character of exporting good cotton, which they have hitherto maintained, may be preſerved.

EUROPEAN INTELLIGENCE.

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FRANKFORT, July 20.

Since the armistice has been definitely concluded, the wishes of all the friends of humanity are turned towards peace, which appears to be the natural consequence of it; but that peace is not yet so easy as those might think, who have not a very deep knowledge of the different interests which it will be necessary to conciliate, and of the pretensions, more or less exaggerated, which it will be necessary to discuss and determine. And in the first instance, does the Cabinet of Vienna wish for peace with as much sincerity as the French Republic? Will England intervene in the negociations? Will France treat with the German Empire, and how? We are not now to learn that one man at Vienna can turn the scale on which side he pleases, and that that man man is decilively attached to the Cabinet of London: he signed not a month ago, a treaty of subsidy with the British Minister, and entered into an engagement not to treat separately with the Republic. Will he fail so soon in fulfilling his promise, and enter into a negociation before he is assured whether Mr. Pitt will intervene for England, or permit him to treat singly? Is not the Queen of Naples [illegible] immediately at Vienna? Has she not a [illegible] influence over the Empress, her daughter, and is she not the determined enemy of the French Republic? These things are sufficient to justify the doubt which has arisen respecting the sincerity of Austria, relative to peace. The English nation is desirous of peace—nothing is more certain—but at London as well as at Vienna ———. If he consent to make peace, and if he desire to intervene in the negociations, he will, there is no doubt, wish to have a commanding influence in them. And indeed, a business which might be simple enough between France and Austria alone would become infinitely complicated, if England were to be admitted, who will not consent to leave in the hands of the republic the line of the Rhine and Belgium, without advancing for herself pretensions incompatible with other interests. The least of all, the inconveniences attached to this intervention will be the lengthening out the negociation. Will it not also be necessary to treat at the same time for the Interest of the Dutch, the allies of France? And then what a source of contest with England! The last point is, how is the German Empire to be treated with? The issue of the Congress at Rastadt must have disgusted the French with the very idea of a Congress. Yet how is it to be avoided, when it is necessary to regulate the indemnities due to so many Princes who have lost, in whole or in part, their possessions on the left bank of the Rhine, and to decide upon the secularizations to be made which are the only possible means of satisfying all demands? The line of the Rhine can only receive a diplomatic sanction from the Empire: undoubtedly it will not meet with many difficulties, for it was granted at Rastadt, under circumstances much less favourable to France than those in which she now is. We recollect that the King of Prussia himself set the example, by declaring the first, that if peace was to be the price of the cession of the boundary of the Rhine, he was ready to cede the whole part of his territories on the left bank of the river; but it is precisely this which renders secularizations necessary and the intervention of the Empire indispensible. It is then but too true that a general peace is not a work either short or easy. A sure means of abridging the work would be without doubt, to divide it into as many treaties as there are powers interested—a treaty with Austria—a treaty with Bavaria—a treaty with Wirtemberg—and finally, with England, when the British Minister should deem proper. With respect to the Empire, if there should be a Congress, it should confine itself to the question of indemnities and secularizations; a question which would not suppose any state of warfare, and would not prevent the Continent of Europe from enjoying the most profound peace.

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THURSDAY, JULY 24.

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The House divided on Mr. Tierney's motion. AYES, 4—NOES, 38.

The Bill was then passed.

August 6.

Two other Danish vessels have been captured and brought into an English port; one of them a brig in ballast, bound to Norway, the other a brig also, from Copenhagen for Leghorn; but we have not yet learnt what she is loaded with. They were both taken by the Phœnix armed lugger, and carried into Bridlington.

From this it would appear we may soon expect to hear of other captures of a similar kind, unless we can suppose that some of our commanders act without orders—a line of conduct by no means probable.

We shall not make any remarks on this business at present—nor need we—it speaks for itself!

The troops destined for the secret expedition have all been embarked at Portsmouth and the neighbourhood. The number amounts to above 9000 men. The artillery horses embarked yesterday morning from the dock-yard which completed the embarkation. The expedition was therefore expected to sail last night or this day.

FALMOUTH, August 3.

Yesterday and this day between three and four thousand troops embarked from South Sea Beach. They consist of a battalion of Royal Scots, the 27th, and the Rifflemen of all the regiments destined on the secret expedition.

The troops collected from Netley Camp, &c. amount to about 9000 men. The transports are furnished with flat-bottom boats, and having only ten days provisions on board, are certainly intended to act on the coast of France, and Belleisle is supposed to be the place intended to be taken possession of.

The artillery horses embarked this morning from the Dock-Yard, and the whole being now completed, the expedition is expected to sail this night or to-morrow.

DUBLIN, August 3.

This day the Election of Representative Peers to sit for Ireland in the Imperial Parliament, took place, according to provisions of the act of Union, which yesterday received the Royal Assent, when the following Peers were elected as the 28 Representatives on the part of Ireland in the Imperial Parliament:

Earls—Clanricarde, Westmeath, Bective, Roden, Altamont, Glandore, Longford, Erne, Desart, Leitrim, Lucan, Londonderry, Conyngham, and Llandaff; Viscounts—Wicklow, Northland, Oxmantown, O'Niel, Bandon, Donoughmore, and Carleton; Barons—Cahier, Glentworth, Callan, Somerton, Longueville, Rossmore and Tyrawley.

For the NEWPORT MERCURY.

THAT "religion and politics are important subjects," is acknowledged by the writer of the '*parody of Bion*," who still insists on the following text (which has been commented upon by a writer in the last Mercury, under the signature of "*An American;*" but I think his signature would be much more applicable, if he would add *ti*, to the word An.) *Place but the rod once in those hands, which are governed by a conviction that the union of politics and religion is necessary to the support of an energetic government, and you are under a religious tyranny at once.* By the union of politics and religion, I would be understood to mean the establishment of religion by law, so that a person incurs a penalty by not believing certain doctrines, or observing certain institutions, and thus is under a necessity of professing and practising them:—This you admit "would be tyrannical.——Happily for this country there is not yet any such establishment; but it is to our disgrace, there appears to be amongst us a fractional faction, who would rejoice at it.——It cannot be doubted, that a man, who propose making the Calvinistical discipline, the established religion of *one* State, in which he had considerable influence, would do all in his power to fix it as the established religion of the United States. And I look upon his declaration, that "a decent respect for the Gospel should be with him a recommendation of persons to public office" to be one step towards the measure; that is, that he might create a party, who would assist him in establishing a religion by law.——But it is to be hoped that the same spirit and sentiments, which induced our forefathers to quit their savage persecutors of Great-Britain; to encounter all the dangers of a voyage of three thousand miles in the dead of winter; and take up their abode among the less savage natives of this continent, does still exist.—And that it *does exist*, it is hoped, the people of this State, whose ancestors were obliged to flee a second time (from the relentless persecutions of the bigoted Presbyterians of Massachusetts) will evince at the ensuing choice of electors.——The Constitution of the United States expressly says, "Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof."——It does not make even the belief of the Christian religion, or a respect for the Gospel, any more necessary, than a belief of mahometism or faith in the koran, for a person to be eligible to any office under the United States, from the President to the door-keeper of Congress: and Mr. Adams (whose period of election happily expires on the 4th of March next) has as much right to declare, that the profession of the *Presbyterian* religion should be with him a recommendation of persons to public office to set up the Gospel as a criterion. [illegible] writer of this piece does not think it necessary to say one word, to prove the soundness of Mr. Jefferson's religious principles; for he does not believe that those who advance to the contrary, believe it themselves: If there are any who are doubtful on this point, I refer them to his "Notes on Virginia;" particulary p. 237 of Carey's edition.——For his opinion on, and his abhorrence of, any establishment of religion by law, see his answer to query XVII, p. 228; and the celebrated "Act for the establishing Religious Freedom, passed in the assembly of Virginia in the year 1786, in the same volume p. 333. I make those references, because I *know* the will prove satisfactory to every impartial reader; and because to make the extracts, would be too lengthy for a news-paper publication.

Alexander the little is one of the most zealous opposers of Mr. Jefferson's election—is it on account of Mr. Jefferson's irreligion? No, it is because he knows, that in case of the exaltation of a man of Mr. Jefferson's moral and political virtues to the Presidential chair, men of his politics and morals must retire to that merited oblivion in which such men as himself and Suwarrow are won to end their days. And he also knows, that if it should be *necessary* in Mr. Jefferson's administration to appoint a Commander in Chief of the Armies of the U. States, *his* Military talents must give way to men of more exemplary virtue.

From the present view of the subject I think every candid mind must acknowledge the arguments in favour of Mr. Jefferson election to appear most reasonable, and that he is the more worthy of that office for being an advocate for UNIVERSAL TOLERATION.—We feel but little doubt for the success of our favourite candidate, trusting in that divine Providence which has never yet abandoned us; which has brought us from the land of Egypt and from out of the house of bondage. REPUBLICAN.

P. S. Those who read the piece over the signature of "Investigator" in the last Mercury, if they wish to come at the truth, are requested to read a pamphlet which may be had at Farnsworths printing-office entitled "An address to the People of the U. States with an epitome and vindication of the public life and character of Thomas Jefferson," it being a complete answer and refutation of that scurrilous piece.

RICHMOND, Sept. 12.

The public mind has been much involved in dangerous apprehensions, concerning an insurrection of the Negroes in several of the adjacent counties.—Such a thing has been in agitation among the blacks, principally instigated by an ambitious and insidious fellow, a slave, by the name of GABRIEL, the property of Mr. Thomas Prosser, of the county of Henrico.—This villain, assuming to himself the appellation of *General*, thro' his artfulness, has caused some disturbance, having induced many poor, ignorant, and unfortunate creatures to share in his nefarious and horrid design. The plot has been entirely exploded, which was shallow; and had the attempt even been made to carry it into execution, but little resistance would have been required, to render their scheme entirely abortive. Thirty or forty of the party have been arrested, and confined in jail for trial. Yesterday a called court was held for that purpose, at the court-house in this city, when six of them were convicted and condemned to suffer death this day at 12 o'clock. It is said that the evidence which has been procured will go to prove nearly the whole of them guilty—To-day the court will proceed to go through with the rest of the trials.

NEW-YORK, Sept. 19.

Forty-nine adults and six children fell victims to the prevailing disorder at Baltimore during the 48 hours ending on Monday morning at sunrise.

We can upon the best authority assert, that our government has received explicit and satisfactory assurances, that the Ministers of his Britannic Majesty have given no authority, commission, instruction, or promise of support to William A. Bowles; and that his hostile practices among the Indians have been without their knowledge.

September 20.

Nineteen adults and one child died at Baltimore of the prevailing epidemic during the 24 hours preceding Tuesday morning at sun-rise.

BOSTON, Sept. 20.

Yesterday the ship Oneida, Capt. Pearsons, arrived here from Falmouth, England, in 36 days, bringing papers to the 8th August, four days later than by the Alert: but excepting editorial conjectures and remarks, they do not contain any political information.

Another Expedition of considerable magnitude, but secret destination, sailed from England the 7th August. The hum of preparation is heard throughout Great-Britain; the prospects of a fine harvest were increasing, and the wish for peace was heard only

EUROPEAN INTELLIGENCE.

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From this it would appear we may soon expect to hear of other captures of a similar kind, unless we can suppose that some of our commanders act without orders—a line of conduct by no means probable.

We shall not make any remarks on this business at present—nor need we—it speaks for itself!

The troops destined for the secret expedition have all been embarked at Portsmouth and the neighbourhood. The number amounts to above 9000 men. The artillery horses embarked yesterday morning from the dock-yard which completed the embarkation. The expedition was therefore expected to sail last night or this day.

FALMOUTH, August 3.

Yesterday and this day between three and four thousand troops embarked from South Sea Beach. They consist of a battalion of Royal Scots, the 27th, and the Rifflemen of all the regiments destined on the secret expedition.

The troops collected from Netley Camp, &c. amount to about 9000 men. The transports are furnished with flat-bottom boats, and having only ten days provisions on board, are certainly intended to act on the coast of France, and Belleisle is supposed to be the place intended to be taken possession of.

The artillery horses embarked this morning from the Dock-Yard, and the whole being now completed, the expedition is expected to sail this night or to-morrow.

DUBLIN, August 3.

This day the Election of Representative Peers to sit for Ireland in the Imperial Parliament, took place, according to provisions of the act of Union, which yesterday received the Royal Assent, when the following Peers were elected as the 28 Representatives on the part of Ireland in the Imperial Parliament:

Earls—Clanricarde, Westmeath, Bective, Roden, Altamont, Glandore, Longford, Erne, Desart, Leitrim, Lucan, Londonderry, Conyngham, and Llandaff; Viscounts—Wicklow, Northland, Oxmantown, O'Niel, Bandon, Donoughmore, and Carleton; Barons—Cahier, Glentworth, Callan, Somerton, Longueville, Rossmore and Tyrawley-

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For the NEWPORT MERCURY.

THAT "religion and politics are important subjects," is acknowledged by the writer of the '*parody of Bion*," who still insists on the following text (which has been commented upon by a writer in the last Mercury, under the signature of "*An American;*" but I think his signature would be much more applicable, if he would add *ti*, to the word An.) *Place but the rod once in those hands, which are governed by a conviction that the union of politics and religion is necessary to the support of an energetic government, and you are under a religious tyranny at once.* By the union of politics and religion, I would be understood to mean the establishment of religion by law, so that a person incurs a penalty by not believing certain doctrines, or observing certain institutions, and thus is under a necessity of professing and practising them:—This you admit "would be tyrannical.——Happily for this country there is not yet any such establishment; but it is to our disgrace, there appears to be amongst us a fractional faction, who would rejoice at it.——It cannot be doubted, that a man, who proposed making the Calvinistical discipline, the established religion of *one* State, in which he had considerable influence, would do all in his power to fix it as the established religion of the United States. And I look upon his declaration, that "a decent respect for the Gospel should be with him a recommendation of persons to public office" to be one step towards the measure; that is, that he might create a party, who would assist him in establishing a religion by law.——But it is to be hoped that the same spirit and sentiments, which induced our forefathers to quit their savage persecutors of Great-Britain; to encounter all the dangers of a voyage of three thousand miles in the dead of winter; and take up their abode among the less savage natives of this continent, does still exist.—And that it *does exist*, it is hoped, the people of this State, whose ancestors were obliged to flee a second time (from the relentless persecutions of the bigoted Presbyterians of Massachusetts) will evince at the ensuing choice of electors.——The Constitution of the United States expressly says, "Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof."——It does not make even the belief of the Christian religion, or a respect for the Gospel, any more necessary, than a belief of mahometism or faith in the koran, for a person to be eligible to any office under the United States, from the President to the door-keeper of Congress: and Mr. Adams (whose period of election happily expires on the 4th of March next) has as much right to declare, that the profession of the *Presbyterian* religion should be with him a recommendation of persons to public office, to set up the Gospel as a criterion. The writer of this piece does not think it necessary to say one word, to prove the soundness of Mr. Jefferson's religious principles; for he does not believe that those who advance to the contrary, believe it themselves: If there are any who are doubtful on this point, I refer them to his "Notes on Virginia;" particulary p. 237 of Carey's edition.——For his opinion on, and his abhorrence of, any establishment of religion by law, see his answer to query XVII, p. 228; and the celebrated "Act for the establishing Religious Freedom, passed in the assembly of Virginia in the year 1786, in the same volume p. 333. I make those references, because I *know* the will prove satisfactory to every impartial reader; and because to make the extracts, would be too lengthy for a news-paper publication.

Alexander the little is one of the most zealous opposers of Mr. Jefferson's election—is it on account of Mr. Jefferson's irreligion? No, it is because he knows, that in case of the exaltation of a man of Mr. Jefferson's moral and political virtues to the Presidential chair, men of his politics and morals must retire to that merited oblivion in which such men as himself and Suwarrow are won to end their days. And he also knows, that if it should be *necessary* in Mr. Jefferson's administration to appoint a Commander in Chief of the Armies of the U. States, *his* Military talents must give way to men of more exemplary virtue.

From the present view of the subject I think every candid mind must acknowledge the arguments in favour of Mr. Jefferson election to appear most reasonable, and that he is the more worthy of that office for being an advocate for UNIVERSAL TOLERATION.—We feel but little doubt for the success of our favourite candidate, trusting in that divine Providence which has never yet abandoned us; which has brought us from the land of Egypt and from out of the house of bondage. REPUBLICAN.

P. S. Those who read the piece over the signature of "Investigator" in the last Mercury, if they wish to come at the truth, are requested to read a pamphlet which may be had at Farnsworths printing-office entitled "An address to the People of the U. States with an epitome and vindication of the public life and character of Thomas Jefferson," it being a complete answer and refutation of that scurrilous piece.

RICHMOND, Sept. 12.

The public mind has been much involved in dangerous apprehensions, concerning an insurrection of the Negroes in several of the adjacent counties.—Such a thing has been in agitation among the blacks, principally instigated by an ambitious and insidious fellow, a slave, by the name of GABRIEL, the property of Mr. Thomas Prosser, of the county of Henrico.—This villain, assuming to himself the appellation of *General*, thro' his artfulness, has caused some disturbance, having induced many poor, ignorant, and unfortunate creatures to share in his nefarious and horrid design. The plot has been entirely exploded, which was shallow; and had the attempt even been made to carry it into execution, but little resistance would have been required, to render their scheme entirely abortive. Thirty or forty of the party have been arrested, and confined in jail for trial. Yesterday a called court was held for that purpose, at the court-house in this city, when six of them were convicted and condemned to suffer death this day at 12 o'clock. It is said that the evidence which has been procured will go to prove nearly the whole of them guilty—To-day the court will proceed to go through with the rest of the trials.

NEW-YORK, Sept. 19.

Forty-nine adults and six children fell victims to the prevailing disorder at Baltimore during the 48 hours ending on Monday morning at sunrise.

We can upon the best authority assert, that our government has received explicit and satisfactory assurances, that the Ministers of his Britannic Majesty have given no authority, commission, instruction, or promise of support to William A. Bowles; and that his hostile practices among the Indians have been without their knowledge.

September 20.

Nineteen adults and one child died at Baltimore of the prevailing epidemic during the 24 hours preceding Tuesday morning at sun-rise.

BOSTON, Sept. 20.

Yesterday the ship Oneida, Capt. Pearsons, arrived here from Falmouth, England, in 36 days, bringing papers to the 8th August, four days later than by the Alert: but excepting editorial conjectures and remarks, they do not contain any political information.

Another Expedition of considerable magnitude, but secret destination, failed from England the 7th August. The hum of preparation is heard throughout Great-Britain; the prospects of a fine harvest were increasing, and the wish for peace was heard on

in [illegible]litary whiſpers, o[illegible] cabals of a London minority.

Again we have ſearched for ſome ſlight notice, in the foreign papers, of "our Envoys," and again we are diſappointed.

A letter from Paris, July 27th ſays, "I ſhall write you again by Mr. Tudor, who takes paſſage, with the Envoys, in the Portſmouth ſhip of war."

In the London 'Sun' of the 7th Auguſt, is a leigthy report of another overturn at Paris, in which Cambaceres and Lebrun, the two Cypher-Conſuls, have been prevailed upon to reſign; and other conſiderable changes effected by the Conſul Paramount; but we conſider it as idle ſpeculation unworthy ſerious regard.

A gentleman from Connecticut aſſures us, that at the election on Monday laſt, in that State, the friends of order and government came out in great ſtrength, and gave ſuch a vote as will ſhew to the United States that liberal ſtate is unalterably attached to the government of our Country, and will reſiſt to the laſt, that madneſs and folly "which is the reproach of any people."

NEW-LONDON, Sept. 17.

On Saturday arrived here the U. States ſloop of war Trumbull, David Jewett, Eſq. commander; brought in with her the French ſchr. Vegeance, of 8 four pounders mounted, pierced for 10 guns, two of which are in her hold; captured on the 14th of Aug. juſt out of Jeremie; eſcaping from the fangs of Touſſaint. She has 130 ſouls on board, a number of whom are women and children; all people of colour ſave monſ. Mounier, a vile fellow, late agent for Rigaud's bages at Petit Guave.—About 60 or 70 of the priſoners are officers; among them are D' Artignave, chief of brigade commandant of Jeremie, and its dependencies; one Adjutant General, and the principal part of Rigaud's etat major.—The prize has on board a conſiderable quantity of powder and dollars.

On the 6th of Auguſt the Trumbull, took the commandant of Petit Tron, Lyſe, with his family and ſeveral officers, on board a large open boat; the priſoners, and cargo conſiſting of 40 bags of coffee, were taken on board the Trumbull, and the boat ſunk. The priſoners amounting to nearly 150 are not yet landed; it is ſuppoſed they will be ſent into the interior of the ſtate.

PROVIDENCE, September 20.

On Wedneſday arrived the ſhip Columbia, Capt. Rodman, in 40 days from Amſterdam. We have been favoured with Dutch and French papers received by her to Auguſt 5. The following articles, tranſlated from the latter, are all that are worthy of tranſlation.

From the Leyden Gazette of Augnst 5.

HAGUE, Auguſt 3.

In the ſittings which the Batavian legiſlative body held yeſterday, a letter from the Executive Directory was read, and as it was preſumed that it contained the news of the preliminaries of peace between Auſtria and France, a great concourſe of ſpectators were preſent in the two chambers.—At the reading of the letter, the contents were heard with the greateſt applauſes; it ſays, "if the glorious triumphs of the French arms in the plains of Maringo, and upon the borders of the Danube, had reanimated the hope of peace, and if this hope had been confirmed by the ſubſequent armiſtices in Italy and Germany, the important news of the preliminary baſis of a peace to be negociated between the houſe of Auſtria and the French republic, ſigned on the evening of the 29th of July laſt, will give us a certain proſpect that a deſirable pacification will, at length, put an end to a deſtructive war, at leaſt upon the continent.——This intelligence, ſo agreeable, was brought us yeſterday, by an extraordinary courier."

It is however remarkable, that Paris papers of the 30th of July, and the Moniteur of the 31ſt, do not make any mention of it. The news appears ſufficiently authentic; but the French government no longer permits the ſuburbs of Paris, or the public, to be the co-operators in its views and proſpects.

At a Town Council, holden in and for the Town of Providence, on Friday the 19th of September, at 4 o'clock, P. M.

THE public are acquainted, that ſince the communication made by this Council on Wedneſday laſt, five perſons have deceaſed with the Fever, to wit, Mrs. Pearce James Temple, and Mary Tillinghaſt, in town, and Sally Hull and Mrs. Brown at the hoſpital. Eight new caſes have been reported, and fourteen perſons now remain ſick, ſix of whom are at the hoſpital, and eight in town.

By Order,
N. W. JACKSON, C. Clerk.

NEWPORT, *Sept.* 23.

The Hon. *DAVID STONE*, is re-elected a Repreſentative in Congreſs for N. Carolina.

At a Special Council, held in Newport Monday, Sept. 22, 1800.

FOR the information of the Public, this Council think it neceſſary to inform them. That no Perſon, now in this Town, nor in either of the Hoſpitals, is ſick, with any malignant Fever or Contagious Diſorder.

By Order,
J. ALMY, *Council. Clerk.*

On the 8th inſtant departed this life, at South-Kingſtown, after a long and tedious ſickneſs, which ſhe bore with patience and reſignation, Mrs. *Hannah Gardiner*, Conſort of Mr. Champlin Gardiner, and youngeſt daughter of Capt. John Clark of Boſton, in the 22d year of her age.

DIED.]—At Providence Mrs. *Betsy Ham*, Aged 22, wife of Mr. Benjamin Ham.

—At Norfolk, *John Blair*, Eſq; and Mr. Watts, Comedian.

—In the Eaſt-Indies, the famous Mahratta Miniſter and Stateſman *Bellarjee Junardein*, aged 70 Years.

*** *An original Communication of great length has been received since our last—exclusive of its length (which alone would have prevented its insertion in this days paper) it contains some passages which the writer will probably on reflection think proper to omit.*

It is our sincere wish that illiberality of sentiment and harshness of expression as well as personalities, may hereafter *be avoided—while the paper continues subject to the present arrangement, the* attempt, *at least, will be made.—These observations are not made with any particular allusion to the abovementioned writer.*

BRIGADE ORDERS.

Newport, Sept. 17, 1800.

The regiments under the command of Brigadier-General HOWLAND will appear, for the purpoſe of review and inſpection, with their arms and accoutrements, agreeable to law, at the place of rendezvous, which will be appointed by the commandant of each regiment, in the following order:

The firſt regiment in the county of Newport, on Thurſday the 2d day of October next enſuing. The ſecond regiment, together with the troop of horſe and artillery, on Monday the ſixth of the ſame month.—And the third regiment, troop of horſe, and artilleriſts and engineers, in the county of Briſtol, on Tueſday the 7th of ſaid month; (provided the weather be fair) if not the next fair days, in like order.

Returns of officers, non-commiſſioned officers and privates, together with the ſtate of their arms, accoutrements and ammunition, to be made as ſoon as may be, to the proper officers appointed for that purpoſe.

Per order,
BENJAMIN HOWLAND, *Brig. Gen. for the counties of Newport and Briſtol.*
JOHN A. COLLINS, *Major, and Inſpector of Brigade.*

CUSTOM-HOUSE,

District of NEWPORT, Sept. 22.

ENTERED,	*From*
Schooner Ranger, Hallet,	Boſton
Sloop Lucy, Gray,	Ditto
Schooner Betſy, Tilton,	Providence
Sloop Ranger, Bliven,	New-York
—— George, Slocum,	Philadelphia
Schooner Lucy, Howes,	Alexandria
CLEARED,	*For*
Schooner David & Samuel, Lumbard,	New-York
Sloop Sally, Trowbridge,	Ditto
Schooner Jack, Shaw,	Ditto
Sloop Betſy, Downs,	Ditto
—— Semiramis, Dennis,	Ditto
—— Two-Siſters, Earl,	Ditto
—— Friendſhip, Godfrey,	Ditto
Schooner Prudence, Sowle,	Norfolk
Sloop Dove, Swain,	New-London
Schooner Betſy, May,	Sagg-Harbour
Sloop Dolphin, Wardwell,	Hartford

For CHARLESTON,

The brig Hope, William Shearman, Maſter, will ſail on or before the 15th of October.—For freight apply to

EBEN'r. SHEARMAN & SON.

Who have for ſale, 80 boxes Havannah Sugars, entitled to drawback; and New-England Rum by the Hogſhead or Barrel.

Newport, Sept. 23, 1800.

FOR SALE,

Five Lots of LAND, ſituate in Newport, a little Eaſtward of *Francis Brinley's Rope-Walk*; containing from three and an half to about ſix Acres each, laid out by accurate ſurvey—having a ſpring of durable Water except at very dry ſeaſons; ſo ſituated, that by means of a lane, laid out for the common uſe of all the Lots, each Purchaſer will have acceſs to the ſpring.

The above Lots will be ſold at PUBLIC AUCTION, on the premiſes, on the 25th Day of September next, at 10 o'Clock, A. M. if not previouſly ſold.—Terms to be made known at the time and place of ſale.

A plan of ſaid lots be ſeen, at any Time previous to ſaid ſale, by applying to

SAMUEL F. GARDNER.

Newport, Sept. 22, 1800.

SALES AT AUCTION.

On WEDNESDAY next will be ſold,
At GARDNER & DEAN's Office,
At X o'Clock,
20 pieces Calico—30 pieces Stuff Goods—10 pieces brown Linen—Ribbons—Bindings—Files—Sheep Shears—Buckles—Buttons—Gloves—4 barrels Crackers—1 Do. Tea—a variety of Books—and ſundry other articles.

Newport, Sept. 22, 1800.

EARL & WHITEHORNE

HAVE FOR SALE,
At their ſtore, on Major Handy's wharf,
A general aſſortment of
Groceries, Ship-Chandlery, Hardware, &c.
Which they will diſpoſe of on reaſonable Terms, by *WHOLESALE* and *RETAIL*.

They have just received, per Ship Ann *and* Hope, *from* Canton,
Freſh TEAS.
BOHEA,
Hyſon,
Souchong—and
Chulang,
China—in Tea Sets.
ALSO,
Sea-Iſland Cotton by the bag,
Windſor Chairs by the dozen, and a conſtant ſupply of flour.

Tar by the barrel, Philadelphia bar Iron, and Nail Rods.

They will likewiſe tranſact buſineſs on commiſſion.

Newport, Sept. 22, 1800.

A WET NURSE Wanted.

A healthy Woman, without a child, with a good new breaſt of milk, and who can be well recommended, will receive liberal payment, and the beſt treatment.—A perſon from the country would be preferred.——Apply, in Thames-ſtreet, at the houſe of the late Mr. *ELLERY*.

Newport Sept. 22, 1800.

STEPHEN DEBLOIS

Informs his customers and others, he has just imported, in the Rebecca & Atlas, from Hull, via *New-York,*
A large aſſortment of Broadcloths,
Plains, Kerſeymeres, Serges, Swandown, Duffils, Baize, &c. &c.—Alſo Hardwares as uſual; amongſt which are, Tea-Urns, fine metal Tea-Pots, and Caſtors, Tea-Trays, &c. &c.

Newport, Sept. 22, 1800.

I. GREENWOOD,

SURGEON-DENTIST,

Who has had the experience of 18 years approved practice, is now in this town, where he purpoſes to reſide 10 days. Thoſe perſons who wiſh to be benefited by a judicious execution of the above profeſſion have now an opportunity, by applying to him at the houſe of William Langley, Eſq;

Newport, Sept. 22, 1800.

For GEORGE-TOWN,

The Sloop SALLY,
NATHANIEL LYNDON, Maſter,
Will ſail the 11ſt day of October next.
For freight or paſſage apply to the Maſter on board, Hugh Vickary, or Caleb Carr, lying at Capt. Peleg Wood's wharf.

Newport, Sept. 22, 1800.

TAKE NOTICE.

The Co-Partnerſhip of BURROUGHS and DAVENPORT, is this day, (Auguſt 7) by the death of Elder PELEG BURROUGHS, diſſolved.——All thoſe indebted to ſaid firm, by notes or book-accounts, are earneſtly requeſted to make immediate payment to the ſurviving Partners, who have undertaken to diſcharge all his obligations with them, under the new firm of *Taylor* and *Jeremiah Davenports*.——And this notice, we hope, will be ſo punctually attended to by all, within two months, as to prevent us from the diſagreeable neceſſity we ſhall then be under of putting all in ſuit without diſtinction.

JEREMIAH DAVENPORT,
ABNER BROWNELL, } Adminiſtrators.

Tiverton, Sept. 3, 1800.

THOMAS EVANS,

TAYLOR and *HABIT-MAKER,*

Reſpectfully informs his Friends and the Public in general,

THAT he has taken the ſhop, under the office of the *Newport Mercury*;—where he carries on the above buſineſs in all its branches, in the neateſt manner, and on the moſt reaſonable terms.

Thoſe Ladies and Gentlemen, who will pleaſe to favour him with their cuſtom, may depend having their work executed with fidelity and diſpatch, and the ſmalleſt favours gratefully acknowledged.

Newport, Sept. 22, 1800.

THEATRE.

NEWPORT.

To-Morrow EVENING, Sept. 24, 1800.
Will be preſented the celebrated Comedy of
FALSE SHAME;
OR, THE
AMERICAN ORPHAN IN GERMANY.
NEVER PERFORMED IN NEWPORT.
Written by KOTZEBUE, and performed in London a greater number of nights, and with more general applauſe, than either his Stranger, Lovers' Vows, or indeed any of his other pieces.

Counſellor Flaxland,	*Mr. Dickenſon.*
Hugel,	*Mr. Uſher.*
Viſcompt de Maillac,	*Mr. Powell.*
John,	*Mr. Villiers.*
Frelon,	*Mr. Kedey.*
And, *Captain Erlach,*	*Mr. Harper.*
Emma,	*Mrs. Powell.*
Minna,	*Mrs. Dickenſon.*
Madame Moreau,	*Mrs. Graupner.*
And, *Mrs. Flaxland,*	*Mrs. Harper.*

To which will be added the favourite Comedy in 3 acts, Called
CATHERINE and PETRUCHIO;
OR,
A CURE FOR A SCOLD.
Written by Shakeſpeare.

Petruchio,	*Mr. Harper.*
Baptiſta,	*Mr. Dickenſon.*
Hortenſio,	*Mr. Kedey.*
Taylor,	*Mr. Powell.*
Biondello,	*Mr. Uſher.*
And, *Grumio,*	*Mr. Villiers.*
Bianca,	*Mrs. Dickenſon.*
Curtis,	*Mrs. Harper.*
And, *Catharine,*	*Mrs. Powell.*

Tickets may be had at the Theatre.
BOXES, One Dollar—PIT, Half a Dollar—GALLERY, 25 Cents.

GROCERIES of a warranted good quality, and at the lowest prices, WHOLESALE & RETAIL, by
HAZARD & GARDNER,
At their Stores, one door North of the Coffee-House, and on Stevens's Wharf,

Madeira	*Mace*
Sherry	*Caſſia*
Liſbon } *WINES.*	*Black Pepper*
Malaga	*Alſpice*
& Port	*Ginger*
Holland Gin	*Engliſh Muſtard, by the lb. or bottle*
Weſt-India Rum	*Weſt-India Cayanne*
Cogniac & Barcelona Brandy	*Loaf & other Sugars*
Anniſeed Cordial	*Salad Oil*
London Porter	*Anchovies*
Gunpowder	*Capers by the lb. or bottle*
Hyſon } *TEAS.*	*Caſtile & brown Soap*
Souchong	*Spermaceti Candles*
& Bohea	*Naples Hair-Powder*
Green Coffee—Rice	*Poland white and ragged blue Starch*
No. 1 & No. 2 Boſton Chocolate	*Spaniſh Indigo*
Almonds	*Havanna Sugars*
Box Raiſins	*Fig Tobacco*
Zante Currants	*Eſſence Spruce*
Citron	*Corks*
Cloves	*Powder, Shot, &c.*
Nutmegs	

Alſo—A ſmall invoice of faſhionable and common aſſorted Glaſs Ware.

Ditto Braſs Latches.

Town and country retailers are invited to purchaſe; liberal credit will be given them.

To thoſe who have formed themſelves their cuſtomers, they tender their express thanks.——Tranſient cuſtom will likewiſe be gratefully received.

Newport, Sept. 22, 1800.

Rhode-Iſland District, ſc.

BY Virtue of a Warrant from the Hon. Benjamin Bourn, Eſq; Judge of the Diſtrict Court for the Diſtrict of Rhode-Iſland——Notice is hereby given to all Perſons concerned, that a Libel is filed in ſaid Court, by David L. Barnes Eſq; Attorney of ſaid Diſtrict, againſt the Ship Ruſſell, her Tackle, Apparel, Furniture, and Cargo, as ſhe now lies in the Harbour of Newport, for having been employed, as it is alledged, in a Commerce between the Iſle of France (being within the Juriſdiction of the French Republic) and the United States of America, contrary to the Statute of the United States in ſuch Caſe made and provided; and that Trial will be had upon ſaid Libel at a Special Diſtrict Court, to be holden at Newport, on the thirtieth Day of September inſt.

W. PECK, *Marſhal.*

Newport, Sept. 8, 1800.

FOR SALE,

A Lot of LAND, on Gravelly-Point, formerly the property of Benjamin Sherburne, No. 23, where there ſtood a black-ſmiths ſhop.—ſaid Lot, being eighty feet long, and forty feet wide, to be ſold at Public Sale, three weeks from the date of the Advertiſement.—(If not previouſly ſold by private ſale)—For terms apply at the *Mercury Office*. *Sept.* 13.

in ſ[illegible]itary whiſpers, o[illegible] cabals of a Londo[illegible]n minority.

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A gentleman from Connecticut aſſures us, that at the election on Monday laſt, in that State, the friends of order and government came out in great ſtrength, and gave ſuch a vote as will ſhew to the United States that federal ſtate is unalterably attached to the government of our Country, and will reſiſt to the laſt, that madneſs and folly "which is the reproach of any people."

NEW-LONDON, Sept. 17.

On Saturday arrived here the U. States ſloop of war Trumbull, David Jewett, Eſq. commander; brought in with her the French ſchr. Vegeance, of 8 four pounders mounted, pierced for 10 guns, two of which are in her hold; captured on the 14th of Aug. juſt out of Jeremie; eſcaping from the fangs of Touſſaint. She has 130 ſouls on board, a number of whom are women and children; all people of colour ſave monſ. Mounier, a vile fellow, late agent for Rigaud's bages at Petit Guave.—About 60 or 70 of the priſoners are officers; among them are D' Artignave, chief of brigade commandant of Jeremie, and its dependencies; one Adjutant General, and the principal part of Rigaud's etat major.—The prize has on board a conſiderable quantity of powder and dollars.

On the 6th of Auguſt the Trumbull, took the commandant of Petit Tron, Lyſe, with his family and ſeveral officers, on board a large open boat; the priſoners, and cargo conſiſting of 40 bags of coffee, were taken on board the Trumbull, and the boat ſunk.

The priſoners amounting to nearly 150 are not yet landed; it is ſuppoſed they will be ſent into the interior of the ſtate.

PROVIDENCE, September 20.

On Wedneſday arrived the ſhip Columbia, Capt. Rodman, in 40 days from Amſterdam. We have been favoured with Dutch and French papers received by her to Auguſt 5. The following articles, tranſlated from the latter, are all that are worthy of tranſlation.

From the Leyden Gazette of Augnst 5.

HAGUE, Auguſt 3.

In the ſittings which the Batavian legiſlative body held yeſterday, a letter from the Executive Directory was read, and as it was preſumed that it contained the news of the preliminaries of peace between Auſtria and France, a great concourſe of ſpectators were preſent in the two chambers.—At the reading of the letter, the contents were heard with the greateſt applauſes; it ſays, "if the glorious triumphs of the French arms in the plains of Maringo, and upon the borders of the Danube, had reanimated the hope of peace, and if this hope had been confirmed by the ſubſequent armiſtices in Italy and Germany, the important news of the preliminary baſis of a peace to be negociated between the houſe of Auſtria and the French republic, ſigned on the evening of the 29th of July laſt, will give us a certain proſpect that a deſirable pacification will, at length, put an end to a deſtructive war, at leaſt upon the continent.——This intelligence, ſo agreeable, was brought us yeſterday, by an extraordinary courier."

It is however remarkable, that Paris papers of the 30th of July, and the Moniteur of the 31ſt, do not make any mention of it. The news appears ſufficiently authentic; but the French government no longer permits the ſuburbs of Paris, or the public, to be the co-operators in its views and projects.

At a Town Council, holden in and for the town of Providence, on Friday the 19th of September, at 4 o'clock, P. M.

THE public are acquainted, that ſince the communication made by this Council on Wedneſday laſt, five perſons have deceaſed with the Fever, to wit, Mrs. Pearce James Temple, and Mary Tillinghaſt, in town, and Sally Hull and Mrs. Brown at the hoſpital. Eight new caſes have been reported, and fourteen perſons now remain ſick, ſix of whom are at the hoſpital, and eight in town.

By Order,
N. W. JACKSON, C. Clerk.

NEWPORT, *Sept.* 23.

The Hon. *DAVID STONE*, is re-elected a Repreſentative in Congreſs for N. Carolina.

At a Special COUNCIL, held in Newport Monday, Sept. 22, 1800.

FOR the information of the Public, this Council think it neceſſary to inform them. That no Perſon, now in this Town, nor in either of the Hoſpitals, is ſick, with any malignant Fever or Contagious Diſorder.

By Order,
J. ALMY, *Council. Clerk.*

On the 8th inſtant departed this life, at South-Kingſtown, after a long and tedious ſickneſs, which ſhe bore with patience and reſignation, Mrs. *Hannah Gardiner*, Conſort of Mr. Champlin Gardiner, and youngeſt daughter of Capt. John Clark of Boſton, in the 22d year of her age.

DIED.]—At Providence Mrs. *Betsy Ham*, Aged 22, wife of Mr. Benjamin Ham.

—At Norfolk, *John Blair*, Eſq; and Mr. Watts, Comedian.

—In the Eaſt-Indies, the famous Mahratta Miniſter and Stateſman *Bellarjee Junardein*, aged 70 Years.

*** *An original Communication of great length has been received ſince our laſt—excluſive of its length (which alone would have prevented its insertion in this days paper) it contains ſome paſſages which the writer will probably on reflection think proper to omit.*

It is our ſincere wiſh that illiberality of ſentiment and harſhneſs of expreſſion as well as perſonalities, may hereafter *be avoided—while the paper continues ſubject to the preſent arrangement, the* attempt, *at leaſt, will be made.—Theſe obſervations are not made with any particular alluſion to the abovementioned writer.*

BRIGADE ORDERS.

Newport, Sept. 17, 1800.

The regiments under the command of Brigadier-General HOWLAND will appear, for the purpoſe of review and inſpection, with their arms and accoutrements, agreeable to law, at the place of rendezvous, which will be appointed by the commandant of each regiment, in the following order:

The firſt regiment in the county of Newport, on Thurſday the 2d day of October next enſuing. The ſecond regiment, together with the troop of horſe and artillery, on Monday the ſixth of the ſame month.—And the third regiment, troop of horſe, and artilleriſts and engineers, in the county of Briſtol, on Tueſday the 7th of ſaid month; (provided the weather be fair) if not the next fair days, in like order.

Returns of officers, non-commiſſioned officers and privates, together with the ſtate of their arms, accoutrements and ammunition, to be made as ſoon as may be, to the proper officers appointed for that purpoſe.

Per order,
BENJAMIN HOWLAND, *Brig. Gen. for the counties of Newport and Briſtol.*
JOHN A. COLLINS, *Major, and Inſpector of Brigade.*

CUSTOM-HOUSE,

District of NEWPORT, Sept. 22.

ENTERED,	*From*
Schooner Ranger, Hallet,	Boſton
Sloop Lucy, Gray,	Ditto
Schooner Betſy, Tilton,	Providence
Sloop Ranger, Bliven,	New-York
—— George, Slocum,	Philadelphia
Schooner Lucy, Howes,	Alexandria
CLEARED,	*For*
Schooner David & Samuel, Lumbard,	New-York
Sloop Sally, Trowbridge,	Ditto
Schooner Jack, Shaw,	Ditto
Sloop Betſy, Downs,	Ditto
—— Semiramis, Dennis,	Ditto
—— Two-Siſters, Earl,	Ditto
—— Friendſhip, Godfrey,	Ditto
Schooner Prudence, Sowle,	Norfolk
Sloop Dove, Swain,	New-London
Schooner Betſy, May,	Sagg-Harbour
Sloop Dolphin, Wardwell,	Hartford

For CHARLESTON,

The brig Hope, William Shearman, Maſter, will ſail on or before the 15th of October.—For freight apply to

EBEN'r. SHEARMAN & SON.

Who have for ſale, 80 boxes Havannah Sugars, entitled to drawback; and New-England Rum by the Hogſhead or Barrel.

Newport, Sept. 23, 1800.

FOR SALE,

Five Lots of LAND, ſituate in Newport, a little Eaſtward of *Francis Brinley's Rope-Walk*; containing from three and an half to about ſix Acres each, laid out by accurate ſurvey—having a ſpring of durable Water except at very dry ſeaſons; ſo ſituated, that by means of a lane, laid out for the common uſe of all the Lots, each Purchaſer will have acceſs to the ſpring.

The above Lots will be ſold at PUBLIC AUCTION, on the premiſes, on the 25th Day of September next, at 10 o'Clock, A. M. if not previouſly ſold.—Terms to be made known at the time and place of ſale.

A plan of ſaid lots be ſeen, at any Time previous to ſaid ſale, by applying to

SAMUEL F. GARDNER.

Newport, Sept. 22, 1800.

SALES AT AUCTION.

On WEDNESDAY next will be ſold,
At GARDNER & DEAN's Office,
At X o'Clock,

20 pieces Calico—30 pieces Stuff Goods—10 pieces brown Linen—Ribbons—Bindings—Files—Sheep Shears—Buckles—Buttons—Gloves—4 barrels Crackers—1 Do. Tea—a variety of Books—and ſundry other articles.

Newport, Sept. 22, 1800.

EARL & WHITEHORNE

HAVE FOR SALE,
At their ſtore, on Major Handy's wharf,
A general aſſortment of
Groceries, Ship-Chandlery, Hardware, &c.

Which they will diſpoſe of on reaſonable Terms, by *WHOLESALE* and *RETAIL*.

They have juſt received, per Ship Ann *and* Hope, *from* Canton,
Freſh TEAS.
BOHEA,
Hyſon,
Souchong—and
Chulang,
China—in Tea Sets.

ALSO,

Sea-Iſland Cotton by the bag, Windſor Chairs by the dozen, and a conſtant ſupply of flour.

Tar by the barrel, Philadelphia bar Iron, and Nail Rods.

They will likewiſe tranſact buſineſs on commiſſion.

Newport, Sept. 22, 1800.

A WET NURSE Wanted.

A healthy Woman, without a child, with a good new breaſt of milk, and who can be well recommended, will receive liberal payment, and the beſt treatment.—A perſon from the country would be preferred.——Apply, in Thames-ſtreet, at the houſe of the late Mr. *ELLERY*.

Newport Sept. 22, 1800.

STEPHEN DEBLOIS

Informs his cuſtomers and others, he has juſt imported, in the Rebecca & Atlas, from Hull, via *New-York,*

A large aſſortment of Broadcloths, Plains, Kerſeymeres, Serges, Swandown, Duffils, Baize, &c. &c.—Alſo Hardwares as uſual; amongſt which are, Tea-Urns, fine metal Tea-Pots, and Caſtors, Tea-Trays, &c. &c.

Newport, Sept. 22, 1800.

I. GREENWOOD,

SURGEON-DENTIST,

Who has had the experience of 18 years approved practice, is now in this town, where he purpoſes to reſide 10 days. Thoſe perſons who wiſh to be benefited by a judicious execution of the above profeſſion have now an opportunity, by applying to him at the houſe of William Langley, Eſq;

Newport, Sept. 22, 1800.

For GEORGE-TOWN,

The Sloop SALLY,
NATHANIEL LYNDON, Maſter,
Will ſail the 1ſt day of October next.

For freight or paſſage apply to the Maſter on board, Hugh Vickery, or Caleb Carr, lying at Capt. Peleg Wood's wharf.

Newport, Sept. 22, 1800.

☞ *TAKE NOTICE.*

The Co-Partnerſhip of BURROUGHS and DAVENPORT, is this day, (Auguſt 7) by the death of Elder PELEG BURROUGHS, diſſolved.——All thoſe indebted to ſaid firm, by notes or book-accounts, are earneſtly requeſted to make immediate payment to the ſurviving Partners, who have undertaken to diſcharge all his obligations with them, under the new firm of *Taylor* and *Jeremiah Davenports*.——And this notice, we hope, will be ſo punctually attended to by all, within two months, as to prevent us from the diſagreeable neceſſity we ſhall then be under of putting all in ſuit without diſtinction.

JEREMIAH DAVENPORT, } Adminiſ-
EBENER BROWNELL, } trators.

Tiverton, Sept. 3, 1800.

THOMAS EVANS,

TAYLOR and *HABIT-MAKER,*
Reſpectfully informs his Friends and the Public in general,

THAT he has taken the ſhop, under the office of the *Newport Mercury*;—where he carries on the above buſineſs, in all its branches, in the neateſt manner, and on the moſt reaſonable terms.

Thoſe Ladies and Gentlemen, who will pleaſe to favour him with their cuſtom, may depend having their work executed with fidelity and diſpatch, and the ſmalleſt favours gratefully acknowledged.

Newport, Sept. 22, 1800.

THEATRE.

NEWPORT.

To-Morrow EVENING, Sept. 24, 1800.
Will be preſented the celebrated Comedy of
FALSE SHAME;
OR, THE
AMERICAN ORPHAN IN GERMANY.
NEVER PERFORMED IN NEWPORT.
Written by KOTZEBUE, and performed in London a greater number of nights, and with more general applauſe, than either his Stranger, Lovers' Vows, or indeed any of his other pieces.

Counſellor Flaxland,	*Mr. Dickenſon.*
Hugel,	*Mr. Uſher.*
Viſcompt de Maillac,	*Mr. Powell.*
John,	*Mr. Villiers.*
Frelon,	*Mr. Kedey.*
And, *Captain Erlach,*	*Mr. Harper.*
Emma,	*Mrs. Powell.*
Minna,	*Mrs. Dickenſon.*
Madame Moreau,	*Mrs. Graupner.*
And, *Mrs. Flaxland,*	*Mrs. Harper.*

To which will be added the favourite Comedy in 3 acts, Called
CATHERINE and PETRUCHIO;
OR,
A CURE FOR A SCOLD.
Written by Shakeſpeare.

Petruchio,	*Mr. Harper.*
Baptiſta,	*Mr. Dickenſon.*
Hortenſio,	*Mr. Kedey.*
Taylor,	*Mr. Powell.*
Biondello,	*Mr. Uſher.*
And, *Grumio,*	*Mr. Villiers.*
Bianca,	*Mrs. Dickenſon.*
Curtis,	*Mrs. Harper.*
And, *Catharine,*	*Mrs. Powell.*

Tickets may be had at the Theatre.
BOXES, One Dollar—PIT, Half a Dollar—GALLERY, 25 Cents.

GROCERIES of a warranted good quality, and at the loweſt prices,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL, by
HAZARD & GARDNER,
At their Stores, one door North of the Coffee-Houſe, and on Stevens's Wharf,

Madeira	*WINES.*	*Mace*
Sherry		*Caſſia*
Liſbon		*Black Pepper*
Malaga & Port		*Alſpice*
Holland Gin		*Ginger*
West-India Rum		*English Muſtard, by the lb. or bottle*
Cogniac & Barcelona Brandy		*West-India Cayanne*
Anniſeed Cordial		*Loaf & other Sugars*
London Porter		*Salad Oil*
Gunpowder	*TEAS.*	*Anchovies*
Hyſon		*Capers by the lb. or bottle*
Souchong & Bohea		*Caſtile & brown Soap*
Green Coffee—Rice		*Spermaceti Candles*
No. 1 & No. 2 Boſton Chocolate		*Naples Hair-Powder*
Almonds		*Poland white and ragged blue Starch*
Box Raiſins		*Spaniſh Indigo*
Zante Currants		*Havanna Sugars*
Citron		*Fig Tobacco*
Cloves		*Eſſence Spruce*
Nutmegs		*Corks*
		Powder, Shot, &c.

Alſo—A ſmall invoice of faſhionable and common aſſorted Glaſs Ware.

Ditto Braſs Latches.

Town and country retailers are invited to purchaſe; liberal credit will be given them.

To thoſe who have formed themſelves their cuſtomers, they tender their expreſs thanks.——Tranſient cuſtom will likewiſe be gratefully received.

Newport, Sept. 22, 1800.

Rhode-Island District, ſc.

BY Virtue of a Warrant from the Hon. Benjamin Bourn, Eſq; Judge of the Diſtrict Court for the Diſtrict of Rhode-Iſland—Notice is hereby given to all Perſons concerned, that a Libel is filed in ſaid Court, by David L. Barnes Eſq; Attorney of ſaid Diſtrict, againſt the Ship Ruſſell, her Tackle, Apparel, Furniture, and Cargo, as ſhe now lies in the Harbour of Newport, for having been employed, as it is alledged, in a Commerce between the Iſle of France (being within the Juriſdiction of the French Republic) and the United States of America, contrary to the Statute of the United States in ſuch Caſe made and provided; and that Trial will be had upon ſaid Libel at a Special Diſtrict Court, to be holden at Newport, on the thirtieth Day of September inſt.

W. PECK, *Marſhal.*

Newport, Sept. 8, 1800.

FOR SALE,

A Lot of LAND, on Gravelly-Point, formerly the property of Benjamin Sherburne, No. 23, where there ſtood a black-ſmiths ſhop.—ſaid Lot, being eighty feet long, and forty feet wide, to be ſold at Public Sale, three weeks from the date of the Advertiſement.—(If not previouſly ſold by private ſale)—For terms apply at the *Mercury Office.* *Sept.* 13.

The following is extracted from the Dedham Minerva—whether new or old, it is a good thing and has an excellent moral. No other reason need be given for its insertion.

A TOUCH ON THE TIMES.

COME liften and laugh at the times;
Since folly was never fo ripe;
For every man laughs at thofe rhymes,
That give his own follies a wipe.

We live in a kind of diſguiſe;
We flatter, we lie, and pro eſt;
While each of us artfully tries,
On others to faſten the jeſt.

The virgin, when firſt ſhe is woo'd,
Returns every ſigh with diſdain;
And while by her lover purſu'd,
Can laugh at his folly and pain:
But when from her innocence won,
And doom'd for her virtue to mourn:
When ſhe finds herſelf loſt and undone,
He laughs (though unjuſt) in his turn!

The fools who at law do contend,
Can laugh at each other's diſtreſs;
And while the dire ſuit does depend,
Ne'er think how their ſubſtance grows leſs;
'Till hamper'd by tedious expence,
Although to compound they are loth;
They'll find, when reſtor'd to their ſenſe,
The lawyers ſit laughing at both,

But while we perceive it the faſhion,
For each fool to laugh at the other;
Let us ſtrive, with a generous compaſſion,
To correct, not contemn one another.
We all have ſome follies to hide,
Which known would diſhonor the beſt;
And life, when 'tis thoroughly try'd,
Like friendſhip, will ſeem but a jeſt.

FOR SALE,

The Whole of the real Eſtate of the Subſcriber, in Newtown, conſiſting of a Two ſtory Dwelling-Houſe 28 by 30 Feet with a Cellar under it—together with a Slaughter-Houſe, and other Buildings, extending 75 Feet—and Eight Lots of Land.—Alſo an excellent faſt ſailing Two Maſt BOAT, 22 Feet Keel and 9 Feet in Width, completely fitted. For further Particulars apply to

EDWARD PERRY.

Newport, Sept. 9th, 1800.

FOR SALE,

The Sloop NABBY, Burthen 52 Tons, lying at Joſeph Lyon's Wharf.—For further Particulars inquire of Joſeph Lyon or Samuel Vaughn.

Newport, Sept. 8, 1800.

FOR SALE,

A good two-ſtory Houſe, and two acres and eighty-five rods of Land, on the bank of the Narrow-River, near the Bridge, one mile from the South-ferry, on the ſtage and poſt-road to New-London and Providence:——A good ſtand for a Tavern or a Trader; oyſters and fiſh to be caught within a few rods of the houſe, all times of the year;—Likewiſe 80 or 90 acres of Wood-land, one mile weſt of ſaid houſe. If not ſold by the 25th of March next, will then be to Let. For particulars inquire of

ABIAL BROWN.

South-Kingstown, Sept. 1, 1800.

WHITE-LEAD, LINSEED-OIL.

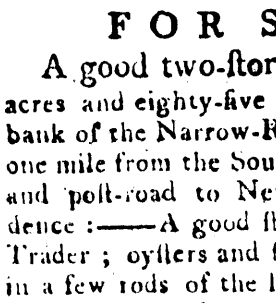
A freſh Supply of the above Articles, with a general Aſſortment of PAINTER's COLOURS, for ſale by

JAMES TAYLOR, & CO.

☞ Drugs & Medicines, Wholeſale and Retail, as uſual.

Newport, April 7, 1800.

Rhode-Island District, &c.



BY Virtue of a Warrant from the Hon. Benjamin Bourn, Eſq; Judge of the Diſtrict Court for the Diſtrict of Rhode-Iſland——Notice is hereby given to all Perſons concerned, that a Libel is filed in ſaid Court, by David L. Barnes Eſq; Attorney for Rhode-Iſland Diſtrict, againſt the Sloop Good Intent, her Tackle, Apparel, Furniture, and other Appurtenances, for having been fitted, equipped and employed (as it is alledged) in tranſporting Slaves from the Coaſt of Africa to the Weſt-Indies, contrary to the Statute of the United States, in ſuch Caſe made and provided; and that Trial will be had upon ſaid Libel at a Special Diſtrict Court to be holden at Newport, within ſaid Diſtrict, on the thirtieth Day of September next, at Ten o'Clock in the Morning of ſaid Day.

W. PECK, *Marſhal.*

Newport, Aug. 30, 1800.

GIBBS & CHANNING

HAVE FOR SALE,

ST. Peterſburgh clean Hemp, Ruſſia and Ravens Duck, firſt Quality—Cordage and Cables of all Dimenſions—Ruſſia and Swedes Iron, flat and ſquare.

BY THE PACKAGE.

Sheetings; Platilles Royales; Brittanias; Rouens; Sileſias; Creas a-la-Morlaix; Stripes and Checks; Dowlas; Oznabrigs; Ticklenburghs; Sailors blue and white Linen; Bedticking; Linen for fine Shirts; Diaper; Heſſian and brown Rolls; Linen for Bags; blue Broadcloths; German Flannels and Serges; Stationary, and Glaſs Ware, calculated for the Weſt-India Market, and intitled to Drawback on Exportation.

New-England Rum by the Hogſhead or Cargo, on ſhort Notice; Molaſſes, per Hogſhead; Holland Gin, per Pipe; 6 by 8, and 7 by 9, Window Glaſs; ſuperfine and fine Flour; Salt by the Quantity; Lead by the Ton.

Newport, Sept. 2, 1800.

SIMEON MARTIN

Has for Sale, for Cash, or on a reasonable Credit, with approved Notes, payable at the Bank of Rhode-Island,

GOOD Retailing Molaſſes per Hogſhead; Old 3d Proof Windward-Iſland and New-England Rum, per Hogſhead or Barrel; firſt Quality Georgia Tobacco per Ditto; Cordage of all Sizes, per Ton or Hundred; Swede's Iron, flat and ſquare Bars, per Ton or Hundred; Souchong and Bohea Teas, per Cheſt or Dozen; Ruſſia and Ravens Duck; Meſs and prime Pork, per Barrel; Rock Salt per Buſhel.

Alſo Linens; Diapers; Checks; large and ſmall Table-Cloths.

Newport, May 26, 1800.

BRISTOL CHURCH LOTTERY.

THE Honourable GENERAL ASSEMBLY of the State of *Rhode-Island, &c.* having granted to the Church in *Briſtol* the Benefit of a Lottery, they have elected the Subſcribers Managers, who have given Bonds, as required by Law, and now preſent the Public with the following

SCHEME.

		Dollars.		*Dollars.*
1	Prize of	2000	is	2000
1		700		700
2	Prizes of	300	are	600
3		250		750
4		150		600
10		100		1000
12		50		600
14		40		560
15		30		450
18		20		360
29		10		290
43		6		2580
2002		5		10,010
2541	Prizes.			20,500
2459	Blanks.		For the Lottery,	4500
5000	Tickets, at 5 Dollars,			25,000

*** *Not one Blank to a Prize.*

The Managers flatter themſelves that the above Scheme, calculated to enſure to every charitable Adventurer a certain Prize at a ſmall Hazard, will meet the Approbation of the Public; and as they are determined that no Exertions on their Part ſhall be wanting, they feel confident in aſſerting, that this Lottery ſhall commence drawing on the firſt *Monday* in *December* next.—All Prizes ſhall be paid on Demand, excepting the ten higheſt, which ſhall be payable within 60 and 90 Days after the Drawing ſhall have been publiſhed.—Prizes not called for within 6 Months, will be conſidered as given for the Benefit of the Society.

NATHANIEL MUNRO,
LEMUEL CLARK,
WILLIAM PEARSE,
AARON USHER.

Briſtol, June 21, 1800.

N. B. TICKETS in the above Lottery may be had at the Stores of JOHN BOURS, Eſq; and Mr. WILLIAM R. WILDER, in Thames-ſtreet, Newport.

We the Subſcribers being appointed by the Court of Probate for the Town of Tiverton, to receive and examine the Claims of the Creditors to the Eſtate of *THADDEUS COOK*, late of Tiverton, Mariner, deceaſed, repreſented inſolvent, and Eighteen Months from the Date hereof, being allowed for that Purpoſe.—Notice is hereby given, that we will attend at the Dwelling-Houſe of *Tyler Davenport* in Tiverton, on the firſt Saturday in November, 1800; and alſo at ſaid Place on the firſt Saturday in every ſecond Month afterwards during the Term aboveſaid, from one to five o'Clock, P. M. on each Day.

WALTER COOK,
LEMUEL TABER.

Tiverton, May 5, 1800.

CHRISTOPHER CHAMPLIN

HAS FOR SALE,

St. Peterſburg Clean Hemp,
Swedes Iron,
Souchong Tea, per Cheſt,
And Molaſſes per Hogſhead.

Newport, Sept. 24th, 1799.

RYE FLOUR,

By the Quantity, or ſingle Barrel

FOR SALE, BY

C. FOWLER & *Company.*

Newport, May 26, 1800.

ROBERT LAWTON

Begs Leave to acquaint his Cuſtomers, and the Public in general, that he has removed to the Houſe, at the North Corner of Baniſter's Wharf, in Thames-ſtreet, and directly oppoſite Mr. Townſend's Coffee-Houſe,

Where he has for Sale, as uſual,

An elegant Variety of FASHIONABLE GOODS, adapted to the preſent Seaſon, among which are a beautiful Aſſortment of Calicoes, Chintzes, Ginghams, Linens, Nankeens, Gentlemen's Beaver Hats, Do. White ribbed Cotton Stockings, Do. Hemp, Ladies black and white long Silk Gloves, Sarſnetts, Pelongs, Silk Shawls, &c. &c.

All which Goods will be ſold at a very low Advance.

☞ Juſt received by the Sloop General Greene, a beautiful Aſſortment of Lute-ſtrings, and Mens' beſt black Sattins.

JOHN BOURS,

At the Sign of the GOLDEN EAGLE,

INVITES his Friends, old Cuſtomers and others, to his Shop, where a very handſome Aſſortment of GOODS, ſuitable for the Seaſon, juſt imported, will be found upon as low Terms, for Caſh, as at any Store in the State.

AMONG WHICH ARE,

A Variety of ſuperfine broad Cloths of the moſt faſhionable Colours—and Gentlemen's beſt Beaver Hats, of the neweſt Taſte.

To be Sold, by

JOHN THURSTON,

On BANISTER's Wharf,

Brandy; rum; cherry; current wine; London porter; vinegar; ſugar; tea; coffee; chocolate; flour; rice; all-ſpice; pepper; muſtard; coarſe, fine and blown ſalt; ſalt fiſh; ſounding leads; ſail-needles; fiſhing leads, lines, and fiſh-hooks of all ſorts; cane and hemlock fiſhing-poles; flints, powder, ſhot and muſket-balls; gun-locks; ſtock-locks; coffee-mills; pump, clapper and ſcupper-nails; braſs and wooden cocks; large and ſmall gimlets; cork-ſcrews; writing-paper, ink and quills; negro-head and cut tobacco; ſegars; large and ſmall decanters; vinegar cruets; pint half, and quarter, tumblers; four differen ſorts of wine-glaſſes; ſalt-cellers.

Blue and white, yellow and blue edged platters and diſhes; plates of three ſizes; quart and pint bowls; tea and coffee pots; three, two, and one, quart pitchers; cups and ſaucers; ſugar pots; waſh baſons; chamber pots, &c.

Philadelphia milk-pans; ſtone pots and jugs, from three gallons to one quart; long pipes; corks; twine; patent time-glaſſes; common ditto; houſe, ſcrubbing, tar, white-waſh, and ſhoe-bruſhes; ladles and tormentors; ſickles; pen, jack, and caſe-knives and forks; iron and metal ſpoons; men's, women's, and children's, ſhoes and boots; bunting and ready-made colours; neſts of tubs, boxes, and meaſures; pails; ſieves; wooden bowls; mops; red-wood; roll brimſtone; large and ſmall Nova-Scotia and Engliſh grind-ſtones, &c.

Newport, August 25, 1800.

TO THE INHABITANTS OF THE First Collection Diſtrict, State of RHODE-ISLAND.

Newport, August 20, 1800.

YOU are hereby notified, that the Tax which has been aſſeſſed upon Dwelling-Houſes, Lands and Slaves, within this Diſtrict, by Virtue of an Act of Congreſs paſſed the 14th of July, 1798, entitled "An Act to lay and collect a Direct Tax," became due and payable on the 13th Day of May laſt; and that I will attend at the Dwelling-Houſe of *JOHN LAWTON*, Innholder in ſaid Diſtrict, every Wedneſday, and Saturday from Ten o'Clock in the Morning until Sunſet, to collect the ſame, from and after the Date hereof, until the firſt Day of October next of which, all Perſons concerned are to take Notice.

IN Conformity to the 6th Section of the Act aforeſaid, a full and correct Copy of the Tax-Liſt remains in the Office of the Surveyor of the Revenue for Firſt Aſſeſſment Diſtrict, open to the Inſpection of all Perſons inclined to inſpect the ſame.

JOHN A. COLLINS,
Collector of the First District.

GODFREY WENWOOD

HAS for Sale,

NEW ſuperfine and common Flour per Barrel—Middlings Ditto—Miſtic Tile, per Dozen—and Blown Salt, per Buſhel or leſs Quantity. Alſo,

A large Quantity of SHIP-BREAD, of an excellent Quality; and WHEAT BRAN, by the Buſhel.

Newport, July 8, 1800.

FOR SALE,

The faſt ſailing Brig Hope, Burthen 120 Tons, 9 Months old, can be put in Order for ſea in a few Days.

ALSO,

40 Boxes white Havanna Sugar—59 D. brown Do. intitled to Drawback, imported in ſaid Brig.

New-England Rum by the Hogſhead or Barrel.——Apply to

E. SHEARMAN & SON.

Newport, 19th August, 1800.

HENRY G. CHAMPLIN

Has just Received by the last Ships, via Philadelphia, and has for Sale, Wholesale and Retail, at his Shop in Thames-street.

A new Supply of

Engliſh and India GOODS, ſuitable for the preſent and approaching Seaſon, which makes his Aſſortment complete.

He has alſo for Sale, Window-Glaſs 10 by 12 per Box, and a very handſome Aſſortment of CUTLERY WARE, well aſſorted.

Likewiſe Pork per Barrel, and Molaſſes by the Hogſhead.

Any of the above Articles will be ſold cheap for Caſh or approved Notes.

Waſhington, ſſ.

South-Kingstown, Sept. 5, 1800.

Whereas Jane Miner (late Jane Lewis) of Hopkinton, in the county of Waſhington, hath this day lodged in the Clerk's Office of the Supreme Judicial Court for this county, her petition, praying ſaid Court to pronounce a decree of divorce, diſſolving the bonds of Marriage between her the ſaid Jane, and her huſband Aſa Miner, for cauſes ſpecially ſet forth in ſaid Petition.——Notice is hereby given to the ſaid Aſa to appear (if he ſhall think fit) at the Supreme Judicial Court to be holden at South-Kingſtown, the ſecond Monday of October next, then and there to ſhew cauſe (if any he hath) why the prayer of ſaid petition ought not to be granted.

JAMES HELME, jun. Clerk.

Waſhington, ſſ.

South-Kingstown, Sept. 5, 1800.

Whereas Margaret Danbcourt, of South-Kingſtown, in the County of Waſhington, hath this Day lodged her Petition in the Clerk's Office of the Supreme Judicial Court for this County—praying ſaid Court to pronounce a Decree of Divorce, diſſolving the Bonds of Marriage between the ſaid Margaret and her Huſband Francis L. Danbcourt, for Cauſes ſpecially ſet forth in ſaid Petition.——NOTICE is hereby given to the ſaid Francis L. Danbcourt to appear (if he ſhall think fit) at the next Supreme Judicial Court, to be holden at South-Kingſtown, the ſecond Monday of October next, then and there to ſhew Cauſe (if any he hath,) why the Prayer of ſaid Petition ought not to be granted.

JAMES HELME, jun. Clerk.

THE Subſcribers having been appointed on the 28th Day of Auguſt 1800, by the Supreme Judicial Court for the County of Newport, Commiſſioners and Aſſignees of all the Eſtate of Philip Robinſon, an inſolvent Debtor, and having on the Day aforeſaid received from the ſaid Philip an Aſſignment of all his Eſtate; all Perſons having any Demands againſt the ſaid Philip are hereby notified to exhibit and prove the ſame to us, within nine Months from the Day aforeſaid.

JOHN ROBINSON, jun.
WILLIAM T. SLOCUM,
WILLIAM V. KING.

Newport, ſſ. } *Supreme Judicial Court, August Term, A. D.* 1800.

CASE.

Bill in Equity.

EBENEZER WOODWARD,

vs.

JOHN FAXON and ELISHA FAXON.

IT was ordered that the ſaid Defendants, John Faxon and Eliſha Faxon, be notified by Adverteſment three Weeks in the Newport Mercury, to appear at the next Term of this Court, to be holden at Newport on the firſt Monday of March next, then and there to reſpond to the Matters contained in the Complainant's Bill.

Witneſs,

WILLIAM V. KING, *Clerk.*

CASH, and the higheſt Price given for clean Cotton and Linen RAGS, at the Mercury Office.

The following is extracted from the Dedham Minerva—whether new or old, it is a good thing and has an excellent moral. No other reason need be given for its insertion.

A TOUCH ON THE TIMES.

COME listen and laugh at the times;
Since folly was never so ripe;
For every man laughs at those rhymes,
That give his own follies a wipe.
We live in a kind of disguise;
We flatter, we lie, and protest;
While each of us artfully tries,
On others to fasten the jest.

The virgin, when first she is woo'd,
Returns every sigh with disdain;
And while by her lover pursu'd,
Can laugh at his folly and pain:
But when from her innocence won,
And doom'd for her virtue to mourn:
When she finds herself lost and undone,
He laughs (though unjust) in his turn!

The fools who at law do contend,
Can laugh at each other's distress;
And while the dire suit does depend,
Ne'er think how their substance grows less;
'Till hamper'd by tedious expence,
Although to compound they are loth;
They'll find, when restor'd to their sense,
The lawyers sit laughing at both,

But while we perceive it the fashion,
For each fool to laugh at the other;
Let us strive, with a generous compassion,
To correct, not contemn one another.
We all have some follies to hide,
Which known would dishonor the best;
And life, when 'tis thoroughly try'd,
Like friendship, will seem but a jest.

FOR SALE,

The Whole of the real Estate of the Subscriber, in Newtown, consisting of a Two story Dwelling-House 28 by 30 Feet with a Cellar under it—together with a Slaughter-House, and other Buildings, extending 75 Feet—and Eight Lots of Land.—Also an excellent fast sailing Two Mast BOAT, 22 Feet Keel and 9 Feet in Width, completely fitted. For further Particulars apply to

EDWARD PERRY.

Newport, Sept. 9th, 1800.

FOR SALE,

The Sloop NABBY,

Burthen 52 Tons, lying at Joseph Lyon's Wharf.—For further Particulars inquire of Joseph Lyon or Samuel Vaughn.

Newport, Sept. 8, 1800.

FOR SALE,

A good two-story House, and two acres and eighty-five rods of Land, on the bank of the Narrow-River, near the Bridge, one mile from the South-ferry, on the stage and post-road to New-London and Providence:——A good stand for a Tavern or a Trader; oysters and fish to be caught within a few rods of the house, all times of the year;—Likewise 80 or 90 acres of Wood-Land, one mile west of said house. If not sold by the 25th of March next, will then be to Let. For particulars inquire of

ABIAL BROWN.

South-Kingstown, Sept. 1, 1800.

WHITE-LEAD, LINSEED-OIL.

A fresh Supply of the above Articles, with a general Assortment of PAINTER's COLOURS, for sale by

JAMES TAYLOR, & CO.

☞ Drugs & Medicines, Wholesale and Retail, as usual.

Newport, April 7, 1800.

Rhode-Island District, &c.

BY Virtue of a Warrant from the Hon. Benjamin Bourn, Esq; Judge of the District Court for the District of Rhode-Island——Notice is hereby given to all Persons concerned, that a Libel is filed in said Court, by David L. Barnes Esq; Attorney for Rhode-Island District, against the Sloop Good Intent, her Tackle, Apparel, Furniture, and other Appurtenances, for having been fitted, equipped and employed (as it is alledged) in transporting Slaves from the Coast of Africa to the West-Indies, contrary to the Statute of the United States, in such Case made and provided; and that Trial will be had upon said Libel at a Special District Court to be holden at Newport, within said District, on the thirtieth Day of September next, at Ten o'Clock in the Morning of said Day.

W. PECK, *Marshal.*

Newport, Aug. 30, 1800.

GIBBS & CHANNING

HAVE FOR SALE,

ST. Petersburgh clean Hemp, Russia and Ravens Duck, first Quality—Cordage and Cables of all Dimensions—Russia and Swedes Iron, flat and square.

BY THE PACKAGE.

Sheetings; Platilles Royales; Brittanias; Rouens; Silesias; Creas a-la-Morlaix; Stripes and Checks; Dowlas; Oznabrigs; Ticklenburghs; Sailors blue and white Linen; Bedticking; Linen for fine Shirts; Diaper; Hessian and brown Rolls; Linen for Bags; blue Broadcloths; German Flannels and Serges; Stationary, and Glass Ware, calculated for the West-India Market, and intitled to Drawback on Exportation.

New-England Rum by the Hogshead or Cargo, on short Notice; Molasses, per Hogshead; Holland Gin, per Pipe; 6 by 8, and 7 by 9, Window Glass; superfine and fine Flour; Salt by the Quantity; Lead by the Ton.

Newport, Sept. 2, 1800.

SIMEON MARTIN

Has for Sale, for Cash, or on a reasonable Credit, with approved Notes, payable at the Bank of Rhode-Island,

GOOD Retailing Molasses per Hogshead; Old 3d Proof Windward-Island and New-England Rum, per Hogshead or Barrel; first Quality Georgia Tobacco per Ditto; Cordage of all Sizes, per Ton or Hundred; Swede's Iron, flat and square Bars, per Ton or Hundred; Souchong and Bohea Teas, per Chest or Dozen; Russia and Ravens Duck; Mess and prime Pork, per Barrel; Rock Salt per Bushel.

Also Linens; Diapers; Checks; large and small Table-Cloths.

Newport, May 26, 1800.

BRISTOL CHURCH LOTTERY.

THE Honourable GENERAL ASSEMBLY of the State of *Rhode-Island*, &c. having granted to the Church in *Bristol* the Benefit of a Lottery, they have elected the Subscribers Managers, who have given Bonds, as required by Law, and now present the Public with the following

SCHEME.

		Dollars.		*Dollars.*
1	Prize of	2000	is	2000
1		700		700
2	Prizes of	300	are	600
3		250		750
4		150		600
10		100		1000
12		50		600
14		40		560
15		30		450
18		20		360
29		10		290
430		6		2580
2002		5		10,010
2541	Prizes.			20,500
2459	Blanks.		For the Lottery,	4500
5000	Tickets, at 5 Dollars,			25,000

*** *Not one Blank to a Prize.*

The Managers flatter themselves that the above Scheme, calculated to ensure to every charitable Adventurer a certain Prize at a small Hazard, will meet the Approbation of the Public; and as they are determined that no Exertions on their Part shall be wanting, they feel confident in asserting, that this Lottery shall commence drawing on the first *Monday* in *December* next.—All Prizes shall be paid on Demand, excepting the ten highest, which shall be payable within 60 and 90 Days after the Drawing shall have been published.—Prizes not called for within 6 Months, will be considered as given for the Benefit of the Society.

NATHANIEL MUNRO,
LEMUEL CLARK,
WILLIAM PEARSE,
AARON USHER.

Bristol, June 21, 1800.

N. B. TICKETS in the above Lottery may be had at the Stores of JOHN BOURS, Esq; and Mr. WILLIAM R. WILDER, in Thames-street, Newport.

We the Subscribers being appointed by the Court of Probate for the Town of Tiverton, to receive and examine the Claims of the Creditors to the Estate of *THADDEUS COOK*, late of Tiverton, Mariner, deceased, represented insolvent, and Eighteen Months from the Date hereof, being allowed for that Purpose.—Notice is hereby given, that we will attend at the Dwelling-House of *Taylor Davenport* in Tiverton, on the first Saturday in November, 1800; and also at said Place on the first Saturday in every second Month afterwards during the Term aforesaid, from one to five o'Clock, P. M. on each Day.

WALTER COOK,
LEMUEL TABER.

Tiverton, May 5, 1800.

CHRISTOPHER CHAMPLIN

HAS FOR SALE,

St. Petersburg Clean Hemp,
Swedes Iron,
Souchong Tea, per Chest,
And Molasses per Hogshead.

Newport, Sept. 24th, 1799.

RYE FLOUR,

By the Quantity, or single Barrel

FOR SALE, BY

C. FOWLER & *Company.*

Newport, May 26, 1800.

ROBERT LAWTON

Begs Leave to acquaint his Customers, and the Public in general, that he has removed to the House, at the North Corner of Banister's Wharf, in Thames-street, and directly opposite Mr. Townsend's Coffee-House,

Where he has for Sale, as usual,

An elegant Variety of FASHIONABLE GOODS, adapted to the present Season, among which are a beautiful Assortment of Calicoes, Chintzes, Ginghams, Linens, Nankeens, Gentlemen's Beaver Hats, Do. White ribbed Cotton Stockings, Do. Hemp, Ladies black and white long Silk Gloves, Sarsnetts, Pelongs, Silk Shawls, &c. &c.

All which Goods will be sold at a very low Advance.

☞ Just received by the Sloop General Greene, a beautiful Assortment of Lute-strings, and Mens' best black Sattins.

JOHN BOURS,

At the Sign of the GOLDEN EAGLE,

INVITES his Friends, old Customers and others, to his Shop, where a very handsome Assortment of GOODS, suitable for the Season, just imported, will be found upon as low Terms, for Cash, as at any Store in the State.

AMONG WHICH ARE,

A Variety of superfine broad Cloths of the most fashionable Colours—and Gentlemen's best Beaver Hats, of the newest Taste.

To be Sold, by

JOHN THURSTON,

On BANISTER's *Wharf,*

Brandy; rum; cherry; current wine; London porter; vinegar; sugar; tea; coffee; chocolate; flour; rice; all-spice; pepper; mustard; coarse, fine and blown salt; salt fish; sounding leads; sail-needles; fishing leads, lines, and fish-hooks of all sorts; cane and hemlock fishing-poles; flints, powder, shot and musket-balls; gun-locks; stock-locks; coffee-mills; pump, clapper and scupper-nails; brass and wooden cocks; large and small gimlets; cork-screws; writing-paper, ink and quills; negro-head and cut tobacco; segars; large and small decanters; vinegar cruets; pint half, and quarter, tumblers; four differen sorts of wine-glasses; salt-cellers.

Blue and white, yellow and blue edged platters and dishes; plates of three sizes; quart and pint bowls; tea and coffee pots; three, two, and one, quart pitchers; cups and saucers; sugar pots; wash basons; chamber pots, &c.

Philadelphia milk-pans; stone pots and jugs, from three gallons to one quart; long pipes; corks; twine; patent time-glasses; common ditto; house, scrubbing, tar, white-wash, and shoe-brushes; ladles and tormentors; sickles; pen, jack, and case-knives and forks; iron and metal spoons; men's, women's, and children's, shoes and boots; bunting and ready-made colours; nests of tubs, boxes, and measures; pails; sieves; wooden bowls; mops; red-wood; roll brimstone; large and small Nova-Scotia and English grind-stones, &c.

Newport, August 25, 1800.

TO THE INHABITANTS OF THE First Collection District, State of RHODE-ISLAND.

Newport, August 20, 1800.

YOU are hereby notified, that the Tax which has been assessed upon Dwelling-Houses, Lands and Slaves, within this District, by Virtue of an Act of Congress passed the 14th of July, 1798, entitled "An Act to lay and collect a Direct Tax," became due and payable on the 13th Day of May last; and that I will attend at the Dwelling-House of *JOHN LAWTON*, Innholder in said District, every Wednesday, and Saturday from Ten o'Clock in the Morning until Sunset, to collect the same, from and after the Date hereof, until the first Day of October next of which, all Persons concerned are to take Notice.

IN Conformity to the 6th Section of the Act aforesaid, a full and correct Copy of the Tax-List remains in the Office of the Surveyor of the Revenue for First Assessment District, open to the Inspection of all Persons inclined to inspect the same.

JOHN A. COLLINS,
Collector of the First District.

GODFREY WENWOOD

HAS for Sale,

NEW superfine and common Flour per Barrel—Middlings Ditto—Mistic Tide, per Dozen—and Blown Salt, per Bushel or less Quantity. Also,

A large Quantity of SHIP-BREAD, of an excellent Quality; and WHEAT BRAN, by the Bushel.

Newport, July 8, 1800.

FOR SALE,

The fast sailing Brig Hope, Burthen 120 Tons, 9 Months old, can be put in Order for sea in a few Days.

ALSO,

40 Boxes white Havanna Sugar—59 D. brown Do. intitled to Drawback, imported in said Brig.

New-England Rum by the Hogshead & Barrel.——Apply to

E. SHEARMAN & SON.

Newport, 19th August, 1800.

HENRY G. CHAMPLIN

Has just Received by the last Ships, via Philadelphia, and has for Sale, Wholesale and Retail, at his Shop in Thames-street,

A new Supply of

English and India GOODS, suitable for the present and approaching Season, which makes his Assortment complete.

He has also for Sale, Window-Glass 10 by 12 per Box, and a very handsome Assortment of CUTLERY WARE, well assorted.

Likewise Pork per Barrel, and Molasses by the Hogshead.

Any of the above Articles will be sold cheap for Cash or approved Notes.

Washington, ss.

South-Kingstown, Sept. 5, 1800.

Whereas Jane Miner (late Jane Lewis) of Hopkinton, in the county of Washington, hath this day lodged in the Clerk's Office of the Supreme Judicial Court for this county, her petition, praying said Court to pronounce a decree of divorce, dissolving the bonds of Marriage between her the said Jane, and her husband Asa Miner, for causes specially set forth in said Petition.——Notice is hereby given to the said Asa to appear (if he shall think fit) at the Supreme Judicial Court to be holden at South-Kingstown, the second Monday of October next, then and there to shew cause (if any he hath) why the prayer of said petition ought not to be granted.

JAMES HELME, jun. Clerk.

Washington, ss.

South-Kingstown, Sept. 5, 1800.

Whereas Margaret Danbcourt, of South-Kingstown, in the County of Washington, hath this Day lodged her Petition in the Clerk's Office of the Supreme Judicial Court for this County—praying said Court to pronounce a Decree of Divorce, dissolving the Bonds of Marriage between the said Margaret and her Husband Francis L. Danbcourt, for Causes specially set forth in said Petition.——NOTICE is hereby given to the said Francis L. Danbcourt to appear (if he shall think fit) at the next Supreme Judicial Court, to be holden at South-Kingstown, the second Monday of October next, then and there to shew Cause (if any he hath,) why the Prayer of said Petition ought not to be granted.

JAMES HELME, jun. Clerk.

THE Subscribers having been appointed on the 28th Day of August 1800 by the Supreme Judicial Court for the County of Newport, Commissioners and Assignees of all the Estate of Philip Robinson an insolvent Debtor, and having on the Day aforesaid received from the said Philip an Assignment of all his Estate; all Persons having any Demands against the said Philip are hereby notified to exhibit and prove the same to us, within nine Months from the Day aforesaid.

JOHN ROBINSON, jun.
WILLIAM T. SLOCUM,
WILLIAM V. KING.

Newport, ss. } *Supreme Judicial Court, August Term, A. D. 1800.*

CASE.

Bill in Equity.

EBENEZER WOODWARD,
vs.
JOHN FAXON and ELISHA FAXON.

IT was ordered that the said Defendants, John Faxon and Elisha Faxon, be notified by Advertisement three Weeks in the Newport Mercury, to appear at the next Term of this Court, to be holden at Newport on the first Monday of March next then and there to respond to the Matter contained in the Complainant's Bill.

Witness,
WILLIAM V. KING, *Clerk.*

CASH, and the highest Price given for clean Cotton and Linen RAGS, at the Mercury Office.